#### **Pentagon official visits Kuwait**

KUWAIT (AFP) — A U.S. Peotagoo official met Sunday with Kuwaiti Prime Minister Saad Al Abdaullah Al Sabah during his tour of allies in the Middle East, the Kuwaiti News Agency (KUNA) reported. The meeting was attended by Kuwaiti Defence Minister Sheikh Ali Sabab Al Salem, the agency said without giving details of the talks. U.S. State Under-Secretary of Defence for Policy Frank Wisner arrived in Kuwait from Saudi Arabia where he conferred with King Fahd. He was also expected to visit Bahrain, Qutar, Oman and the United Arab Emirates, all members of the Gulf Cooperatioo Council (GCC). Mr. Wisner said in Cairo on Thursday that Iraq and Iran were the two remaining threats to U.S. interests in the Middle East. His tour was aimed at reassuring U.S. allies that President Bilt Clinton will stick by Washington's commitment to defend the region. The U.S. official also said U.S. military aid to Israel. Egypt and the Call. Gulf countries would not be changed.

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## Tough ride seen for Cabinet as confidence debate begins

Deputies assail government over its conduct of elections and for keeping them out of Cabinet

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Lower House of Parliament Sunday began dehating a vote of confidence in the government of Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali amidst indications that the Cabinet will have to fight hard before it could win what is expected to be a narrow mandate.

Deputies and observers said the government will not be able to win more than 45 to 47 votes of confidence when the 80 lawmakers cast their votes at the end of the session, which is expected to last until

The government came under fire from deputies who opposed its participation in the peace process and accused the government of showing disrespect for the legislature, man-ipulating the Nov. 8 elections to its favour and violating the spirit of the democratisation

But Dr. Majali and his Cabinet won praise from some of the 19 deputies who took the floor Sunday for what they called the honesty and fairness of the elections, the Cabinet's administrative reform programme and the comprehen-

siveness of its policy statement. Even deputies who indicated that they would vote in favour of the government showered it \_ with\_demands for better services and more investment in their constituencies as well as econcomic and administrative

reforms. Common among the de-mands of deputies who spoke better Arab relations, support for the Palestinian people and a comprehensive solution to the Arab-Israeli conflict and an

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Deputies also demanded that the government introduce no new taxes, deal effectively with poverty and unemployment, raise salaries and pay more attention to the agricultural and industrial sectors. Loyalty to His Majesty King Hussein was also pledged by deputies who attacked the gov-

ernment as well as those who indicated they would support it. Calls for strengthening national unity and guaranteeing equal rights for all citizens were also made during citizens were also made during

Maan Deputy Abdul Karim Kabariti set the tone of the session when he severely criti-cised Dr. Majali for failing to respond to what he described as the legislature's overtures to start a cooperative relationship with the executive anthority before he reshuffled the government Wednesday.

Mr. Kabariti said that during a meeting the Progressive Democratic Coalition (PDC) held with Dr. Majali before the government change was introduced, deputies showed their inclination to work with the government but Dr. Majali "wanted separation."

This reflects "a way of thinking that believes in the separation among the authorities to the extent of no cooperation," said Mr. Kabariti, a former Cabinet minister.

The PDC met with [Dr. Majali but the meeting provided no answers)... Dr. Majali manoeuvered us but did not negotiate with us," said Mr. Kabariti, who is expected to

Tafileh Deputy Mohammad Daoudieh, whose speech included the strongest criticism-

end to the 40-month-old sanc-tions against Iraq. minister deliberately and un-justifyingly ignored the House when he did not negotiate the government introduce

deputies.
There is no doubt that Dr. Majali contributed to harming the image of the Chamber of Deputies,' said Mr. Daoudieh, who also accused the government of nepotism, interfering in the elections and harming national unity by introducing the one-person, one-vote formula into the electoral

Mr. Daoudieh said that members of the Al Ahd Party, led by Deputy Abdul Hadi Al Majali, were disproportionally represented in the government which he called the government of Al Ahd.

The government is a centre of power for Al Ahd, he said. It is a government of bureaucrats that does not recognise the authority of the House, he

"Democracy is in danger," said Mr. Daoudieh, who is expected to withhold confidence from the government.

"The truth shows that many of the members of this Cabinet belong to one party, and the practices of this government and some of the ministers in it were aimed to serve this party," independent Islamist Deputy Abdul Razzaq Tubeishat (Irbid)-said.

Mr. Tubeishat said the goverument greatly harmed-national unity by taking a num-ber of measures that spread fear among the public, especially amending the election

He said the government roved incapable of holding a national debate on the appropriateness of changing the Election Law and for amending it

This House later came to face a government that takes it very lightly," said Dr. Tubeishat, who is also ex-pected to withhold confidence

from the government.

Dr. Tubeishat said the government violated the norms by not resigning after conducting the elections, saying the prime minister refused to acknowledge that it was a transitionary government and insisted that the Cabinet is "an eternal

Declaring that his position will be "unsupportive of the government," Deputy Ali Abul Al Ragheh (Amman, Third District) said Dr. Majali's ministerial team will not be able to effectively deal with the economic and social challenges facing the country.

The Cabinet lacks the team.

spirit; its objectives are not clear and (there was no) care to choose ministers who are capable of shouldering the responsibilities and hammering out suitable solutions to our many problems and issues," said Mr. Abul Ragheb.

Islamic Action Front (IAF) hloc member Bader Al Riati gave an insight into the kind of criticism other IAF deputies will level against the government with a speech that attacked every aspect of the govern-ment's work.

Mr. Risti (Maan) attacked the government for allegedly interfering in the elections, dissolving the 11th Parliament, and changing the Election Law in a way that harmed national

The government practices (seriousness) of the democratic, shoura process," he said.

(Continued on page 10)





Lower House Speaker Taher Al Masri Sunday addresses the House in session (Petra photo)

## Lawmakers fail to impress galleries

By Suhair Obeidat Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The scattered spectators who occupied the galleries of the domed Parliament House on Sunday were not exactly impressed by the performance of deputies dur-ing the first day of the vote of confidence session and many thought that the speeches of the people's representatives lacked much substance and

depth.

Most of the audience interviewed by the Jordan Times thought although some depuries were outright in addreswas far less hostile than that which dominated the vote of confidence session of the

"So far, the speeches lacked pohtical substance and most of them included personal demands as if to impress their (the deputies') constituencies. This reflects a tremendous level of political ignorance and apathy among deputies," said Abdul Aziz Kabariti, a hotel owner and the hrother of De-puty Abdul Kareem Kabariti

Mohammad Saleh, an em-ployee at the Ministry of Telecommunications, said: "Now there is more understanding of the democratisation process than before and the emphasis unemployment, rather than political issues, mainly the

peace process."
Mr. Saleh, like most govern-

ment employees attending the session, is there to prepare answers to expected questions and demands by deputies, each in his/her specialty, to be included in the government's statement at the end of the discussions later this week. Yousef Sardi, a merchant and member of the board of

directors of the Amman Cham-

ber of Commerce, said it was his duty, as a person elected to represent the trade sector in the country, "to watch the democratic institution in action and observe its performance, especially when it comes to

issues of economic nature." ployee at the Jordanian Cooperative Organisation, said be was attending the session "because I am interested in what the deputies have to say hut I do not believe that there has been much change in the way deputies tackle different issues since the beginning of the democratisation process in

Tamam Al Ghool, who works at the Jordan Export Development and Commercial Centres Corporation, said the vote of confidence session should concentrate on discussing the government policy statement rather than specific demands of the deputies' constituencies.

"Some speeches contained direct attacks of the govern-ment and lacked objectivity." she said.

Nora Anani, wife of Jawad (Continued on page 10)

## King and Arafat hold talks Negotiating teams ahead of Christopher visit race against time

PLO under pressure to accept deadline delay

By Lamis K. Andoni Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein and Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat met here yesterday for talks on Jordanian-Palestinian coordination and relations ahead of a meeting today between the Palestine Liheration Organisatiou (PLO) chairman and U.S. Secretary of State Warren

Christopher. The focus of the Jordanian-Palestinian talks, according to the Jordan News agency, Petra, was "the latest developments in the peace process and the future relations between Jordan and the PLO within the context of comprehensive Arab coordination based on Israeli implementation of international resolutions and the achievement of peace which ensures the return of the occupied territories, including Jerusalem, to the Arabs."

Mr. Arafat, who arrived aboard an Air Algeria plane, was received at the airport by Deputy Prime Minister Maan Abu Nowar and Minister of State of Foreign Affairs Talal MAI Hassan and the Palestinian ambassador to Jordan as well

as other officials. No details were immediately available from the King's talks with Mr. Arafat, but it was expected that a draft Jordanian-Palestinian economie agreement figured high in their discussions.

Mr. Arafat's arrival here was preceded by a report that the PLO chairman was ready to accept a two-week delay of the Dec. 13 beginning of Israeli withdrawal from Gaza and Jericho under the Sept. 13 Israel-PLO autonomy agree-

Sources close to Mr. Arafat said the PLO was under strong pressure to accept such a delay, but that no formal decision

They said Mr. Arafat was resisting the pressure, hut might accept a delay if Israel undertook to resolve some of the key snags holding up agree-ment in the ongoing Israel-

PLO official said. "But a postponement for a limited time could be acceptable if major problems are addressed."

oners, control over crossing under Palestinian self-rule. well as with his own Fatch

some of the sticking points. of a big number of Palestinian prisoners and an Israeli compullout by April 13, as agreed in the Sept. 13 accord could help break the deadlock and

the Israeli-suggested delay. mittee, which concluded its meetings in Tunis on Friday, has reiterated its refusal to accept an Israeli delay.

The Palestinian leader was

planning to put forward condi-

tions to resume negotiations with Israel that involve Israeli

PLO negotiations.

"Arafat does not prefer a delay and will resist it," one The key obstacles include the release of Palestinian pris-

points and the size of the Jericho area that will come PLO officials said that Mr. Arafat would also insist on at least a beginning of a partial withdrawal from the Gaza Strip on Dec. 13 as a prerequisite to defuse the rising tensions following the Israeli crackdown on the Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas) as

group.
"Arafat cannot- afford to. allow Dec. 13 to pass just like any other date. This will jeopardise the credibility and the constituency of the peace process in the occupied territories," said a Fatch official. According to well-informed Palestinian sources a possible scenario to break the current impasse is to arrange for a meeting between Mr. Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin on Dec. 12 to solve

An agreement on the release mitment to complete its troops enable Mr. Arafat to accept

The PLO Executive Com-

Mr. Arafat was expected to ask Mr. Christopher to pressure Israel to abide by the confidence-building measures and Palestinian control over the crossing points.

But according to well-in-formed sources, the PLO has already been notified, through American and other channels, that Mr. Christopher was likely to support the Israeli demands to maintain control over the crossing points — at least be-tween Jordan and the West Bank during the self-rule interim period, since the border areas would still be under Israeli command.

Mr. Arafat's visit to Jordan is viewed as extremely crucial to improving coordination between the two sides that has gravely suffered since the PLO signed its secret agreement with Israel without consulting with Jordan, which was at the time its partner in a joint delegation.

Over the last two months PLO and Jordanian officials have been working on a draft economic agreement mainly covering monetary policies to regulate relations between Jordan and the the future Palesti-

The last draft agreement was reached last month after both Mr. Arafat and Jordanian officials introduced modifications on an initial draft of basic ideas worked out by the head of the economic department and the PLO chief negotiator in Oslo. Ahmad Koriea, and Jawad Al Anani, then minister of state. According to PLO officials; neither the PLO Executive

formally ratified the agree-The PLO leader is said to be reluctant to hind himself to any final agreement with Jordan prior to clarifying the shape of the Palestinian autonomy.

Committee nor Mr. Arafat has

He has been criticised by some of his colleagues for not entering an agreement with Jordan to boost Palestinain efforts to disengage the Palestiman economy from Israeli

(Continued on page 5)

CAIRO (Agencies) - Pales-tine negotiating chief Nabil Shaath said his team and Israel began "intense" bargaining Sunday in order to turn the Palestinian autonomy accord into reality by next week's

The two sides were trying to break the deadlock over plans for an Israeli troop withdrawal from Gaza and Jericho "within the time given," Dr. Shaath said, adding they got down to "intense work" expected to last until Thursday.

Under the autonomy accord signed with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in Washington in September, Israel is to start the troop withdrawal by Dec. 13 and the PLO is to move in its own police force.

In the Egyptian Sinai town of El Arish, the two sides resumed their discussions on the transfer of administrative powers to the Palestinians in the West Bank town of Jericho and the Gaza Strip.
The PLO has insisted that

Israel start to withdraw its troops hy Dec. 13 and urged Washington and Moscow, cosponsors of the peace talks, to help implement Palestinian But Israeli Prime Minister

Yitzhak Rabin has said it could take another week or two beyond the mid-December deadline to reach a clear-cut agreement and has rejected the call for American intervention. In Amman, Palestinian officials said PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat was prepared for a two-week delay in implementing the accord because

of Israeli terms for withdrawing from Jericho. 'Arafat told Fateh Central Committee members and his executive committee that they have to accept a delay of two weeks in implementing the accord," a PLO official said in Amman a few hours before the PLO leader was due to arrive. The Palestinian officials. who attended the meetings in Tunis but requested anonymity, said Mr. Arafat was hoping during talks in Amman on Monday to persuade U.S. Secretary of State Warren

Christopher to pressure Israel to change its position.
The officials said Israel had refused to change from its original definition of the size of Jericho to fall under Palesti-

nian administration -- less

than seven per cent of the area sought by the PLO.
The PLO is also seeking control of border posts linking the Jericho area and Jordan Israel has insisted these must remain manned hy its troops. The main negotiations, on security issues, were taking place at a secret location in the

Egyptian capital Cairo.
"We are exerting all efforts to meet the deadline," said a source close to the talks.

"In El Arish all the issues are administrative and we don't see any crisis or a real problem. But the military issues are certainly more deli cate. Hopefully, we will finish before the 13th (of December), or a few days later.

The reality is nothing in-teresting has been achieved vet. There is some progress but no final agreement has been reached yet on the remaining "We (the PLO) are going to

negotiate on the basis that the withdrawal is on December 13 as agreed. We are sparing no efforts and no time but whether we finish on time or not, this has to do with Rahin," Dr. Shaath told Reu-"I am not pessimistic. 1 am

simply resigned to the fact that if we finish the (negotiations) we are ready but if they (Israelis) are not ready we will not finish. It takes two to de-"From our part we're doing our best to finish on time hut

the more I hear Rabin statements saying there might be a delay I start to believe there will be a delay," he added.
In talks last week progress start reported on the release of Palestinian prisoners. Dr.

Shaath said Israel presented a plan and a timetable under which it will free up to 10,000 But the source said both sides have still to agree on the date of the last phase of the

### Christopher tells Syrian leaders of economic benefits of peace

DAMASCUS (Agencies) — U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher tried to convince Syrian leaders of the economic benefits of peace in talks here Sunday to unblock the stalled Syria-Israeli negotiations, U.S. diplomats said.

U.S. officials have also said Mr. Christopher, who arrived here from Israel on the second leg of a Middle East tour, was carrying new proposals to give an impetus to the peace pro-

But the secretary of state has so far declined to reveal his On his arrival he immediate-

ly met with Foreign Minister Faronk Al Sharaa and emerged from the talks one hour later saying discussions had been "successful," according to the official Syrian Arah News Agency (SANA). Mr. Christopher also called

for improved relations between Washington and Damascus before heading for crucial talks with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad. The ontcome of the discus-

sions are not expected to be known hefore Mr. Christopher's return to Washington on Dec. 11. But in order to satisfy Syria, which is seeking a full Israeli withdrawal from the Golan Heights, any offer made by the

United States must include diplomatic as well as economic incentives, U.S. diplomats say. Mr. Christopher will also seek a clear peace commitment from Syria to convince Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin that talks with Syria should not

while Israel concentrates on peace with the Palestinians. "My role is an intermedi-Mr. Christopher said be-

be put on the back-burner

fore leaving Israel. "This in an unprecedented opportunity to have a comprehensive peace and I will do all I can... to see if we can realise the promise of peace with

security," he told reporters.
The secretary leaves Monday for Amman and returns Thursday to Damascus following consultations in Israel. He

> Syria has threatened to boycott the next round of talks if Israel did not express readiness to withdraw from the occupied Golan Heights.

will also visit Egypt and

Mr. Christopher told reporters before leaving Israel that he hoped his talks in Damascus "will be an opportunity to energise the discussions between Israel and Syria." "I don't want to create un-

reasonable expectations," he also said. Mr. Sharaa was also present at the meeting with Mr. Assad at the presidential palace.

Syrian officials quoted Mr. Christopher as telling Mr. Sharaa of Washington's determination to continue its efforts

(Continued on page 5)

### 2 Palestinians, Israeli killed in violence in occupied lands

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Two Palesti-nians and an Israeli died Sunday as a wave of unrest continued in the Middle East prompting U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher to

call for a halt to violence. A Palestinian opened fire as he tried to storm a bus in the Tel Aviv suburbs killing a male passenger, police said. A bullet hit the man in the head but driver managed to bundle the attacker off the vehicle and drive away.

A soldier aboard the bus opened fire, cutting down the Palestinian, police said, correcting an earlier version that a stray Israeli bullet hit the passenger.

Islamic Jihad claimed re-

sponsibility for the attack iden-

tifying the Palestinian as 20year-old Khaled Awad Shihatch from the Jabalia refugee camp on the Gaza Strip. Dozens of angry Israelis crowded around the Palesti-

shouting "death to Arabs." Since the signing of the accord on Palestinian self-rule in September most Arah-Israeli violence has been confined to the occupied terri-

The attack coincided with the peace mission to the Mid-dle East by Mr. Christopher and appeared designed to deepen doubts of many Israelis that the Palestine Liberation-Organisation (PLO) - let alone Israeli security forces --can rein in hardline Palestimans out to wreck peace

efforts. Israeli Prime Minister Yttzhak Rabin said such attacks would not detour the march towards peace.

"We are determined on one hand to fight with all our means, within the limits of the law, the terrorists and to continue negotiations to implement the declaration of principles (accord)," Mr. Rabin told reporters in occupied Jeru-

"We will not allow these terrible atrocities to interfere with our decision and determination to reach an agreement and to implement the first major step towards peace and the solution of the conflict between the Palestinians and

us," Mr. Rabin said. The killings added to the tension ahead of the Dec. 13 deadline for Israel to begin pulling troops out of Gaza and

"There is both anticipation and anxiety in the air, Mr. Christopher said before leaving Israel for Syria on a mission to kickstart the bilateral peace

But I urge everyone on all sides to avoid violence, to take all steps over this difficult period. I think the leaders have an obligation on each side to enjoin their followers to avoid violence," he said.

## Egypt, Israel and Turkey link up to promote tourism

By Alistair Lyon

. ANKARA — Egypt, Israel and Turkey, eager to repair the damage done to their tourist industries by political vio-lence, have clubbed together to promote travel to the re-

Each country sees the pact signed in London last month as · a harbinger of further regional cooperation which could blossom rapidly if the Israeli-· Palestinian peace accord is im-

plemented.
"Tourism and peace are intertwined," says Egyptian
Tourism Minister Mandouh Al Beltagui, one of the signa-tories of the East Mediterra-nean Tourism Association

(EMTA).
"The bringing of peace to the region has given us the opportunity to realise the longenvisioned goal of tourism cooperation in the eastern Mediterranean," Korel Goy-men, under-secretary of Turkey's Tourism Ministry, told

Turkish Tourism Minister Abdul Kadir Ates said last week he planned to take a bicycle tour in the region to publicise EMTA.

The three countries took two years to negotiate the accord, which they hope will lure hundreds of thousands more visitors in the next few years and allow them to share marketing

They have opted to pool their resources to promote the region rather than competing on a narrow national basis.

"This will make the whole region more attractive," said Israel's ambassador to Ankara, David Granit. "The idea is to expand the cake instead of

fighting for bigger slices."
Egypt and Turkey are trying to reassure potential visitors alarmed by the activities of Islamic and Kurdish militants who have deliberately targeted

tourists in the past year.
Fundamentalist attacks in which nine foreigners were killed have scared off many tourists to Egypt, where govern-ment figures show that tourism is down by about a third this

kidnappings by rebel Kurds not political or strategie."

this year's tourism earnings. Officials say tourism brought in \$3 billion in the first 10 months. Revenues for 1993 had been expected to top \$4.5

Things are better in Israel. still on target for a record two million visitors, but tourism in the occupied territories remains depressed and the threemonth-old peace accord has so far failed to halt violence between Israelis and Palestinians. Egyptian Ambassador Johammad Al Diwany said

that by banding together in times of crisis the three countries could fend off pressure from foreign tour operators to

This agreement can involve millions of people and improve their standard of living," Mr. Diwany told Reuters.

"A just and lasting settlement of the Palestinian problem will let the area enter a new phase. With goodwill and good intentions this can lead to further, openings and coopera-

The founder members of EMTA say their organisation is open to other countries to join. Libya, Lebanon, Syria, Jordan, Greece, Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia, both parts of Cyprus and a future Palestinian state would all be eligible,

Mr. Goymen said. Ferit Epikman, a leading Turkish tour operator, said regional cooperation was increasingly important in

"Regions, not countries, will be competing against each other in the near future," he said. By the year 2000, the Middle East's biggest tourist rival would be the Far East, be added.

In the days of the former Ottoman empire, travellers could wander across the Middle East untroubled by national fron-

Now EMTA's founders look forward to the dismantling of the barriers and boycotts thrown up by the Arab-Israeli

"This is the beginning of something very important, the first agreement of its kind," Mr. Granit said. "Tourism is In Turkey, bombings and an excellent field to start. It's



VICTIM OF VIOLENCE: Israeli policemen carry the body of Khaled Awad Shihateh, 20, who was shot dead along with a bus passeng

hy Israeli soldiers at a Tei Aviv suburb bus station on Sunday (AFP photo)

### 'New' Palestinian radio joins campaign against autonomy deal

(PFLP-GC).

Damascus.

Jerusalem."

the official.

ent from the

"Voice of Jerusalem" has

been in the air for the past

four years and is believed to

be based somewhere in

different from Voice of Jeru-

salem and it is transmitted

from Damascus," said a PLO

official in Amman. "All that

the radio did was to extend

the transmission hours and

mislead listeners hy claiming that it is broadcasting out of

"Ohviously Jibril would like to have everyone believe

that opponents of the peace

process are so strong that they could operate a clandes-tine radio station from the heart of Jerusalem," added

But several listeners disagreed. They said the new

broadcast was distinctly diffe-

"Voice of Palestine" - a

"Jerusalem Broadcast is no

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Opponents of the Middle East peace pro-cess have intensified their media campaign by introduc-ing a new Palestinian radio station to the airwaves of the region or by increasing the period of transmission of an existing radio station.

A radio station identifying itself as "Jerusalem Broadcast" has been heard in the air for one bour on most evenings since September, shortly after Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) signed their landmark autonomy agree-

According to listeners, the radio, which claims to be hased in Jerusalem, broadcast on the same wavelength as Radio Israel's Arabic Service, which reduced its "political propaganda" citing the progress towards press after the signing of the Israel-PLO

Most of the programmes that the "Jerusalem Broadcast" aired were Palestinian national songs in what the Al Quds Press Service described in a report this week as trials. Al Quds said Saturday the

radio station was new and planned to broadcast for five

The programmes will be mostly aimed at the countries source for many who like to listen the rhetorics and tall claims of "military operations against the enemy" that most of the time go unconfirmed.

"The style is different, the presentation is sharper and neighbouring Israel, particu-larly targetting Palestinians who lost their homes with the creation of the State of Israel

in 1948, according to Al the contents are more to the point," according to a book PLO officials asserted the radio was not new and was an shop owner who said he was extension of the "Voice of frequent listener of "Voice of Jerusalem" operated by Ahmad Jibril's Popular Front Jerusalem. Observers said it was unfor the Liberation of Pales-tine-General Command

likely that the new radio, if indeed it is new, was hased in Jerusalem since the Israelis, armed with sophisticated communication interception and detection equipment, would bave bust it less than 24 bours after it went on the air for the first time vowing opposition to the autonomy accord.

In the meantime, pro-autonomy accord Palestinians are setting up their own radio and television station. The PLO has signed an agreement with a French television company to set up a Palestinian TV station in Jericho.

Radwan Abu Ayyasb, head of the Palestinian Journalists Association, is leading the radio and television pro-ject, reports said. Mr. Abu Ayyash bas assigned future staff of the station for training in Europe as well as Jordan, according to the re-

### Peres: Deal | Sentencing hearing was easier without settlements

TEL AVIV (AP) — The pre-sence of Jewish settlements in the occupied lands is compli-cating the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)
negotiations, Foreign Minister
Shimon Peres said Saturday.
But dismantling the settlemenis was not an option be-

cause it would be too divisive for the Israelis, Mr. Peres told Israel TV's second channel. Under the Israel-PLO accord, Israeli troops are to start withdrawing from the occupied Gaza Strip and the West Bank region of Jericho on Dec. 13, with the pullout completed by April 13.

But the Jewish settlements in those areas will remain under Israeli control and the army is to guard them, according to the Israel-PLO agreement of principles.

Disagreement over security arrangements for the settle-ments is one of the key stumbling blocks in the current Israel-PLO talks on implementing the autonomy accord.

"We were aware that we had two choices — either to dis-mantle the settlements and then we would have had very few security problems... or to have the settlements remain, and then we knew the security issue would be very complicated," Mr. Peres said Saturday.

"We had to choose between learing the Israeli people apart and creating a complicated, difficult and unprecedented solution." he added.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin has never said what he thought should happen to the 144 Jewish settlements when Israel and the PLO negotiate the final status of the occupied lands, starting in 1996. But Mr. Peres and other

Israeli leaders have hinted that settlers would be given a choice of moving back to Israel or living under Palestinian

## begins today in Iraq loan scandal

channel U.S. aid to Iraq hopes to convince a judge that he was

to convince a judge that he was little more than a fall guy.

A sentencing hearing begins Monday for Christopher Drogoul, who pleaded guilty to three charges for his part in arranging \$5.5 billion in illegal loans to Iraq. Mr. Drogoul, 44, insists he

was only a middleman in a programme approved by the U.S. government and his Italian superiors at the state-owned Banca Nazionale del Lavaro (BNL).

"BNL-Atlanta was... a tool of the U.S. and Italian governments." Mr. Drogoul said last month in sworn testimony before the House of Representatives Banking Committee. One has to consider it a foreign policy matter and not a banking matter."

Mr. Drogoul told the committee he helped carry out an ambitious scheme by the United States, Italy, Britain and Germany to secretly arm Iraq against Iran in their 1980-88

Prosecutors initially claimed Mr. Drogoul masterminded the scheme to provide unauthorised loans to Iraq through BNL's Atlanta operation.

He was charged in a 347-count hank fraud indictment, later dropped to 70 charges after a judge rejected an earlier plea bargain and criticised the Justice Department for its handling of the case.

In exchange for Mr. Drogoul's latest guilty pleas, the remaining 67 charges were dropped. The government is seeking a prison term of up to 6½ years, arguing that Mr. Drogoul was a key figure in the

Mr. Drogoul's attorneys want U.S. District Judge G. Ernest Tidwell to limit the sentence to the 20 months he already has served, saying Mr.

ATLANTA (AP) - A banker who admits he helped illegally punished further for what they call merely, carrying out

approved bank dealings.
Only Christopher Drogoul
is kept from his wife and his children, detained as a result of events for which no sense can be made." said his lawyer, Robert M. Simels. "If fairness and parity still have mouning, the only viable sentence is to let him go on with his life."

But the foreign policy argument may be of no use at sentencing. Judge Tidwell had barred the use of foreign policy evidence in the trial and rejected Mr. Simels' attempts to subpoenn former President George Bush.

Judge Tidwell said he will focus on the three charges Mr. Drogoul pleaded guilty to in September, one wire fraud count and two counts of mak-ing false statements to federal regulators.

The judge seemed unmoved at a hearing last week when Mr. Simels told of a 1989 letter from a General Motors Corp. executive to a BNL. officer in Rome, stating that hank executives had never given him any teason to ques-tion Mr. Drogoul's authority to do business m Iraq.

The letter, Mr. Simels said, shows Mr. Drogoul reported to

"I doubt that's going to help you much," Judge Tidwell

Assistant U.S. Attorney Howard Heiss said the alleged involvement of Mr. Drogou's bosses in Rome is irrelevant to the crimes he pleaded guilty to.

The government's original contention was that Mr. Drogoul acted alone to secretly funnel money to Iruq through a U.S. programme designed to promote agriculture. Some of the money allegedly financed Iraq's military before the Gulf

## Sudan meeting hits self-rule deal, backs Muslim causes

and 1 a.m.

KHARTOUM (AFP) - Islamic leaders have rejected the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) accord on limited self-rule in Gaza and Jericho but called on rival Palestinian factions to avoid internal clashes.

 The call came in a resolution read out to delegates late Saturday at the end of a threeday meeting of 400 Islamic figures in the Sudanese capital. The conference also called for unity of Muslim ranks.

But some Palestinian hardliners, backed by the Muslim fundamentalist Hizbollah and other groups in Lebanon, criticised the resolution because they wanted a "clear condemnation" of the Sept. 13 autonomy accord.

We want a stronger resolution, we want to denounce those who signed the accord, and call on our people to wreck the deal," said the head of the Islamic Jihad in Palestine, Fathi Shakaki.

Sudanese fundamentalist leader Hassan Tourabi told journalists after the final session that the resolution was final and could not be modified. "We do not want an extremist stand," he explained.

The resolution was not made public. But Nayef Hawatmeh, head

of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP), said the resolution included in its final version a call for wrecking the accord.

"What is important is not the choice of words but the content," said Khaled Abu Al Omarein, a member of the Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas).

The conference also pledged to support the intifada until the creation of a Palestinian state with Jerusalem as its capital. It urged Muslim govern-ments not to normalise ties

with Israel "before the Palestinians recover all their legiti-mate rights." Apart from backing the Palestinians, the Islamic con-ference also pledged support for the Muslims of Bosnia, Somalia, Iraq, Sudan, Indian-administered Kashmir and

Azerbaijan.
It called on the United Nations to lift its sanctions on Iraq and Libya, and also to exclude the Muslims of Bosnia from

the arms embargo. The conference called for the world's Muslims to boycott U.S. and British products for for the measure. Bosnian officials had also urged a boycott of French goods.

Calling on Somalis to avoid bloodshed and close ranks, Islamic leaders pledged to con-

efforts to secure a peaceful settlement.

A committee was formed, chaired hy Dr. Tourahi, to seek support from Muslim countries for the reconstruction of Afghanistan. .



A Palestinian boy peers out from banners calling for armed struggle against Israel during a demonstration held Saturday in the Jabalya

refugee camp in the occupied Gaza Strip (AFP

AMMAN:

**JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDER** 

### Egypt has promised to honour human rights, U.S. official reports

CAIRO (AP) - A U.S. official said Saturday he received assurances from the Egyptian government that it will not condone torture inside prisons or other violations of human

But John Sbattuck, the State Department's top policymaker on human rights, endorsed a technically illegal Egyptian human rights watchdog agency that accuses the government of torturing prisoners and many other abuses.

And Mr. Shattuck, ending an official four-day visit, seemed to walk a tightrope between the line of a caravan of officials he met, including President Hosni Muharak on Saturday, and that of Egyptian human rights advocates. Mr. Shattuck told a hriefing

at the U.S. emhassy he was

pleased with evidence of the Egyptian judiciary's commit-ment to human rights. He added, however, that he raised in his meetings with Egyptian officials the problem of military courts trying civilian dis-senters, which critics complain does not guarantee fair trials. Mr. Mubarak's largely secular government has been involved in open confrontation with extremist groups seeking to overthrow the governing system by force in favour of one based on a stricter interpretation of Islam. More than

240 people have been killed in the past two years.

Attempting to crush the extremists through speedy trials, Mr. Mubarak is referring to courts-martial cases involving attacks against government targets or the system itself.

The trials have drawn serious fire from local and international human-rights groups, which allege they disregard many elements necessary to fair trials. Rights advocates also charge

that torture is routine inside Egyptian prisons to force confessions. The government also is accused of making hostages of suspects' relatives in efforts to force surrenders and inflicting on-the-spot punishment hy killing suspects or detaining them for long periods without charge or trial.

The U.S. State Department has made many of the allega-tions itself. Cairo rejects all such charges.

Mr. Shattuck, assistant U.S. secretary of state for human to reporters' questions on linking to Cairo's commitment to human rights the \$2.1 billion in

rights, avoided a direct answerannual U.S. aid to Egypt.
He insisted that human rights was of prime importance 10 President Bill Clinton's

Mr. Shartuck also said be received assurances that the government was moving toward recognising Egypt's main local rights group, the Egyptian Organisation for Human Rights. The government has given no such public indications. Officials often justify failure to answer the organisation's complaints with the argument that it does not exist under Egyptian rules banning private organisations lacking government approval.

The United States is "struck

by the courage of the EOHR," Mr. Shattuck said. "We support such organisations and share their values." Mr. Mubarak's government

also has promised to investi-gate all allegations of torture through a special office related to the public prosecutor, Mr. Shattuck said.

No Egyptian security per-sonnel have been convicted for torturing or otherwise violating the rights of political prisoners like religious extremists. There have been convictions of people in authority for abusing common criminals.

On another subject, Mr. Shattuck denied that he met with extremists in Egypt. He. said he was in Cairo only to meet officials and non-governmental organisations working to advance human rights.

Dep. Damascus.
7:30 a m every Sanday
Arr. Ammun 5:30 p.m. every Sanday

MARKET PRICES

#### JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROG	RAMME TWO
17:30	Les Adventuriers de L'Espace
8:30	Maguy
19:00	News in French
19:15	The weekly sport magazine
	News in Hebrew
	News in Arabic
20:30	Delta
21:10	The House of Eliott
	News in English
	The Guilty
23:10	The Skeeping Beauty

**PRAYER TIMES** 

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## Lutheran Church Tel: German-speaking Evangelical Con-gregation Tel. 684105 The Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691.

### WEATHER

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Dr. Farmug Nivur	
Dr. Bahjai Badr	849367
Dr. Jihad Zyadeh	881148
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#### FOR THE TRAVELLER HOSPITALS

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian [RJ] information slepartment at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (1885/2005, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS (Terminal 1)

## Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

**QUEEN ALIA** 

07:10	
08:35	Damascus (RJ)
09:00	Jeddah i RJI
89:30	Riyadh (RJ)
09-55	Duhai. Ahu Dhahi [RJ]
10:00	Beiru (RI
	Berni (RJ)
16.46	New Delhi (RJ)
10:45	New York, Amsterdam (RJ)
18.33	Cain [RJ]
18:45	Bangkok (RJ)
19:00	Casablanca, Tunis (RJ)

### Other Flights (Terminal 2)

**DEPARTURES** 

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administration and spoke of his

pleasure at Egypt's willingness to continue dialogue over the

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## In first day of vote of confidence session:

Deputies call for tax, educational reforms, urge government to address constituencies' needs



Abdul Karim Kabariti

(Ma'an District) (Progressive Democratic Coalition-PDC) I congratulate you (Speaker Taher Masri) for the vote of confidence you obtained from the deputies... and I congratulate the respected deputies for winning the people's confi-dence under free and fair elec-

We don't want to forget the (old and new) government that returned from its transitional vacation to the democratic arena and deserved, with confidence, the generous increase in (ministers) salaries.

There are three institutions that should not be harmed: Al Al Bait, the symbol of legi-timacy; the judicial, the symbol of justice; and the army and security forces, the symbol of national honour.

My opposition or support (to the government) bas nothing to do with my allegiance to the regime hut is based on a difference in opinion... From that point the prime minister wants us to go along with him, and from these angles we want him to come along with us... The alliance (PDC) extended its hand to the prime minister, but he did not reach ont for the extended hand.

His refusal to link... might lead to the government's monopoly on decision-making... This means, by necessity, that democracy is in danger... This government has abolished the portfolio of parliamentary affairs because of lack of confidence in the rules of the democratic game and (is a sign) of non-commitment to democracy, policy and in style. We live an economic crisis

mixed declarations from the government since Sept. 13 agreement. Poverty is everywhere.. It necessitates the unification of all efforts without forgetting that the government should be in full control of the Zakat committees...

Peace is an objective and negotiations are the means... We back the government in the peace talks to maintain the role of Jordan as a player in the game after attempts to make it a court for foul play.



Ali Abdui Ragneb (Amman Third District),

Although I am very close to the moderate stream. I find myself obliged to take an anti-

We hope that the govern-ment will present its policy statement in the future in detail, a statement that would reflect the people's aspirations. But, since the government has chosen the Speech from the Throne as its policy statement, I demand the government, in its response to the deputies speeches, to clarify its policies by presenting a programme that would be an answer to all the questions raised hy the deputies.

I demand a revision of the economic development plan that was drawn up recently... The government is invited to wipe the dust off the investment law and modernise it... There should be an increase of the salaries and wages earned by the private and public sectors workers.

Subsequent governments have tried to improve the administrative performance and combat hureaucracy, hut the results so far are very li-

The present stage requires a

distinguished relationship be-tween the legislative and the executive authorities... This stage necessitates a disting-uished ministerial team capable of confronting the chal-lenges... and up to the expectations of the people's aspirations and hopes.



(Balqa District) (PDC)

In the face of fast-moving developments and challenges that loom in the horizon I call on the government to do all in its power to enhance national unity which is made up of social, cultural and political fabric. Safeguarding national unity is not a political luxury but rather a legitimate expression of the will of the present generation.

Regarding the peace pro-cess. I believe that our brothers in the PLO have the right to choose the method by which they feel they will guarantee the Palestinian people's rights and the return of holy Jerusalem. I believe that Jerusalem should remain the capital of all those affiliated to the three monotheistic reli-

I believe that the government should give due attention to the development of public administration through a continued process of training and through recruiting of the best applicants. An efficient civil servant is an administrative leader who can transform his department into one with creative characterised

We should remember that modern development is based on skilled and productive manpower and that solutions to economic or social problems can only come through efficient administrations. Development of public administration does not materialise through changing the persons but rather in applying legisla-tions and regulations aimed at upgrading performance.



Farah Rabadi (Ajlouu District) (NAF)

"My decision on whether to withhold a vote of confidence or cast a vote in favour of the government's policies depends on the prime minister's statement in reply to the deputies' queries and demands. It should be emphasised

here that we are not pro or against the government, hut that we act within the framework of the Constitution. We believe that opposition is

fundamental element of parliamentary life and without an opposition there would be no point in having a parliament. We believe that the House ought to serve as a watchdog over the government's be-haviour and ensure justice.

Concerning education, I be-lieve that this sector falls far below the aspired standard for the following reasons: failure to appoint the right person in the right position largely because certain groups hold the upper hand in shaping the destiny of education; the existence of very rigid school curricula and failure to introduce meaningful changes that affect the substance rather than the outward form; failure on the part of the successive governments to heed the call for the creation of a teachers union that would cater to the needs of teachers like other professions and trades; the lack of

buildings suitable for schools.

I demand that the government deal very effectively with the agricultural sector by introducing regulations linking production to local needs and so ensure self-sufficiency. The government is called on to introduce measures to protect farmers against natural disasters. I demand that the Ajloun District be upgraded to governorate status as it abounds with natural resources and is inhabited by more than 100,000 people



Tawfiq Kreishan (Ma'an District) (Independent-

"Concerning the political aspect of the government's policy I demand that the government give some details about practical steps to be taken and call on the government to spread awareness among the public about the political changes resulting from the socalled new world order which is hound to have its serious impact on future generations. I am for a just and honour-

able peace ensuring the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people in their homeland, but I am against normalisation of relations with Israel before these legitimate rights have been established. I demand that the Arab

countries end their sanctions imposed on Iraq and Libya and demand that the Arab League Charter be amended in a manner to help the nation deal with new challenges and end the divisions among Arab states. In the information policy. I

believe that the situation requires the enactment of new legislation that would win public confidence and improve programmes presented by the radio and television, especially children's programmes in accordance with a national plan. I believe that the press plays a major role in the nation's destiny and sbould therefore enjoy continued moral and material support.

Regarding the economic aspect of the government policy. I stress here that most crimes and the social tragedies cmanate from poverty. We all ought to join hands and deal with this problem by tackling the unemployment issue and expanding the social security umbrella and jurisdiction."



Mohammad Daoudieh fTafileh District) (PDC)

"Am I going to give the vote of confidence in the name of the people to those whom I don'i know?

Ever since this parliament was elected, (everyhody) started to describe the House as a submissive one that will definitely give vote of confidence to the government.

The prime minister has directly contributed to tarnishing the image of the House, especially when he did not consult parliamentary blocs who extended their hand to him. He did not even give any sign of cooperation...

Deputies did not have any say in the government reshuffle as if the House is dissolved... what has happened is ignoring the parliament in an unprecedented and unjustified manner... That was anti-democratic and a refusal to recognise that people are majure and have to be consulted.

The government is the voice of only one political party and can be described as an Ahd government, in reference to the Ahd Party and a wild government in reference to the Jordanian delegation (wafd) to the peace talks...

We should be very cantious of the negative implications of the peace process on our societv.. it aims at weakening the Arah society, country by

Are we going to protect a government that does not take people's representatives into consideration? When democracy is in danger then Jordan



Ali Shatti (Baiga District) (Independent)

My decision to give or withhold confidence depends on the government's reply to the remarks, queries and demands contained in my statement.

I call on the government to

establish a national fund to support farmers in times of natural disasters, to tighten control on prices of agricultu-ral inputs and to find external markets for agricultural products. I urge the government to reallocate the plots of land already distributed by the Jordan Valley Authority to the well-to-do people to poor far-mers who plough and plant the

I also urge the government to improve the services provided for underprivileged I call on the government to

reassess the management of the financial and banking sector, and set up a national com-mittee to monitor the performance of this sector. I urge the government to continue to subsidise basic food items. I also call on the government to re-direct vocational training to satisfy the demands of the labour market.

I call on the government to inform the House on where Jordan stands vis-a-vis the peace talks. We are peaceseekers, peace is one of the tenets of our Islamic faith; so we have to seek the kind of peace that will ensure the restoration of the rights of people to their legitimate owners and end the state of war.



(Amman Fifth District) (PDC)

"I will decide on whether to vote in confidence of the government or not in the light of the government's statement to the House in which I hope to hear details about its plans to handle social, agricultural and industrial issues and its reply to my demands in this statement.

I demand that Amman citizens should have the right to elect their municipal council and I believe that the appointment of council members by the government is in flagrant violation of the rules of demo-In 1986 the government dis-

solved the municipal council and decided to create what came to be known as the Greater Amman Municipality. grouping the local councils of Amman and their neighbouring towns.
It was also announced that

the measure would be in effect for only four years, but it was extended first until 1990 and then until 1994, without any justification. I demand that the citizens of Amman elect their representatives to their municipal council, that the government terminates the merger of the 14 municipal councils of the towns surrounding Amman with the capital's municipality and that the government abstain from appointing mayors and municipal council mem-

The residents of Amnun feel that the measures taken so far concerning the Greater municipality was a consecra-tion of centralised authority which is a backward practice and does not cater to the requirements of the modern age and development.

I demand that the government pave the way for people. to have equal opportunities in acquiring higher education at Jordanian universities, and tbat similar equality should be applicable to the appointment of people to posts in public administration."



Abdul Razzaq Tubeishat (Irbid district) (Independent

Bloc)
I will consider which way to vote later.

Granting a vote of confidence or not is not related to the person of the prime minister or any of the cabinet mem-bers. It rather requires a responsible judgement over the government policy and per-formance... We had hoped that this government would be a neutral one, in composition and in performance. But the fact is a high number of this government members belong to one party and its practices and some of its members were in the service of this party. We thought that the primary

duty of this government was the supervision of the elections..., (however), the gov-ernment started a series of measures that created confusion, chaos and fear... From the start, the government was supposed to call the Lower House for an extraordinary session to consider the election law. What it did instead was resort to dissolving the House without a convincing justification and in a surprising manner that indicates lack of respect to the legitimacy of this parlia-

Unfortunately, this govern-ment failed to be neutral or bate on the election law. This government came for a

specific mission, that is to supervise the elections... Usually and in such cases, this kind of a government would resigns (after the elections) ... but the prime minister immediately started to insist that his government is permanent... that he did not accept (anyone) to consider it as temporary.



Mifleh Al Lawzi

(Amman Fifth District) (NAF) "I support a vote of confidence in the government of Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali and urge it to implement the directives contained in His Majesty King Hussein's letter of designation.

I express my appreciation of the government's pursuit of democracy and its endeavours to apply decentralisation and reform public administration. Concerning the Palestine question. I support the Kingdom's adherence to its princi-

pled and national stands as best expressed by the King, especially with regard to the holy places in the occupied I support every effort to re-establish strnng ties with Arah countries and re-build solidar-

ity among Arab states and urge the government to speed up such efforts. I demand that the government re-examine the country's taxation regulations and urge it to refrain from imposing further taxes as the Jordanians are

now unable to carry further I demand that the present government deal effectively and immediately with the question of state-owned lands which have been illegally seized by citizens. The solution

(Continued on page 5)

## Visiting European trade officials look to expand existing relations

AMMAN (J.T.) — The president of the Belgium-Luxembourg- Arah Chamber of Industry and Trade, Willy Mon-fils Sunday held talks with Jordanian officials on promot-ing trade and said he hoped that the Kingdom would participate in an international fair in Belgium next year.

In discussions with Marwan Awad, Ministry of Industry and Trade secretary general Mr. Monfils said that participa-tion in the fair would help in introducing Jordanian pro-ducts to the Belgian markets and boost Jordan as a tourist attraction in the Middle East.
Mr. Awad said he hoped the current talks would expand re-

lations between Jordan and Belgium which started in 1976 when an agreement was signed to strengthen cooperation in economic, technical, trade, industrial and agricultural fields. His Majesty King Hussein's 1983 visit to Belgium served to boost trade and economie ties

because the two sides then underlined their determination to launch joint ventures, said Mr. Awad. As a result of the King's visit, Belgium extended JD 10 million in technical assistance

to Jordan to help it carry out

water and railway schemes,

added Mr. Awad. He said the joint Jordanian-Belgian Committee convened in Amman last May and signed minutes which called for the establishment of a Enropean information centre for the development of Jordanian exports to European countries and facilitating the transfer of modern technology to Jorda-

nian industries. Mr. Awad urged Belgium to import more Jordanian vegetahles, fruits and phosphate to help adjust the balance of trade which is heavily in favour of Belgium.

According to the Ministry of Industry and Trade, Belgium sells Jordan powdered milk, animal feed, raw tohacco, medicines, lubricating oil, paper, mirrors, bulldozers, machinery equipment, tractors and aircraft spare parts.

Of the 2.5 million tonnes of

phosphate Belginm imports annually, only a fraction is imported from Jordan; the rest comes from Morocco and the U.S. because the cost of shipping Jordanian phosphate to Belgium is relatively higher, said the ministry.
Mr. Monfils and the accom-

panying delegation met Satur-

day with members of the Amman Chamber of Trade and said that the Jordanian Law on Encouraging Investments provides a good climate for investment in numerous industrial. agricultural and technological

He said Belgium welcomes the establishment of trade centres in Amman and Brussels and holding trade fairs.

The Belgian delegation is due to conclude its visit to

Jordan Wednesday. Mr. Monfils earlier Sunday met Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan to discuss Jordanian-Belgian rela-

Both sides underlined the need for Jordan and Belgium to promote cooperation in tourism and to encourage Bel-gian tourists to visit Jordan, according to the Jordan News Agency, Petra.
Petra quoted Mr. Monfils as

saying that the current visit to Jordan reflects Belgium's hopes to expand and boost cooperation with the

Kingdom.
Mr. Hassan suggested the creation of joint Jordanian-Belgian Chamber of Commerce to help increase the volume of trade.

#### King receives U.S. inter-faith delegation

inter-religious group. The King emphasised Jor-dan's demands for the restoration of the rights of the Palestinian people and the Kingdom's support for and commitment to the peace process to ensure these rights. He said that Jerusalem stand as a symbol of peace and a meeting place for all

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein believers in God, the followers of the three Sunday reviewed the general situation in the Middle East with a visiting delegation of a U.S. scrept any sovereignty over the holy places of the control of the c accept any sovereignty over the holy places of the city except that of God. The delegation is currently on a tour of the Middle East to listen to various views concerning the peace process and discuss

### American opera stars share stage with Jordan's NMC orchestra

By Jean-Claude Elias Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Tonight American opera stars Arturo Romani and Ella Lee will fill the halls of the Royal Cultural Centre theatre with arias, cantatas and duets by Mozart, Bononcini, Cavalli and Beethoven.

The one-night performance will be presented by the National Music Conservatory, Noor Al Hussein Foundation and conducted by Kifah Fakhouri.

The audience will also be treated to American Negro spirituals by Mrs. Lee, and inter-pretations of "Bel Canto" songs like "Chi Si Pasce" by Cavalli and "Per La Gloria" by Bononcini will be performed by Mr. Romani. Soprano Ella Lee, who was born in Texas

and raised in California, was a leading soprano Symphony and the New York Philharmonic. She performed under the baton of Sir Georg Solti and Leonard Bernstein.

Her love of quality songs extends to Negro spirituals and modern, popular music. Talking to the Jordan Times, Mrs. Lee revealed interesting details about a singer's training and the intensive efforts, continuous dedication and professional preparation that are required to "make a voice." However talented or gifted one can be, said Mrs. Lee, it is only through serious study and hours of practice that an opera singer can achieve excell-

Tenor Arturo Romani is of Italian origin and comes from a family for whom music, and more particularly opera is a firmly established tradi-

His great - grand-father, Felice Romani was the liberttist of famous operas by Donizetti (L'Elisir d'Amore) and Bellini (La Norma) and also worked with the young Giuseppe Verdi. Mr. Romani's own career spans concerts as soloist from the U.S. to Europe, in operas like The Barber of Seville, Don Giovanni and La

He has also sung in musical comedies (My Fair Lady) and oratorios (The Messiah). One of his voice teachers was a friend of the legendary Enrico Caruso, Mr. Romani told the

Kifah Fakhouri, director of the National Music Conservatory (NMC), is a composer and a conductor who studied at the American University of Beirut (AUB) with Allen Hovey. He conducted the AUB Symphonic Band in 1982.

Under his dynamic and charismatic direction, the NMC orchestra, in less than eight years, has grown from non-existent to a 40-piece ensemble that steadily pursues musical refinement.

With members from Jordan, neighbouring Arab countries, the U.S., Japan and England,

the NMC is living proof of the university of the language of music.

Mr. Fakhouri also writes Arabic music and is the author of study books that are used in school music curricula in Jordan and Lebanon. Mr. Romani and Mrs. Lee expressed their pleasure at rehearsing with the NMC orchestra,

working with Mr. Fakhouri and being in Jordan, a country they intend to discover and know better, he said.



Ella Lee



Kifah Fakhouri



Arturo Romani

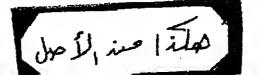
### WHAT'S GOING ON

#### **EXHIBITIONS** A Exhibition of prints and drawings by Fakhr El

- Nissa Zeid at Darat Al Funuo of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation to Jobal Luweibdeh. Also showing the permanent exhibition (Saturday-Thursday 10:00 o.m. to 7:00 p.m.) 2 Plastic art exhibition by a number of tragi artists at La Casa Art Gallery (between the 5th and 6th
- \* Exhibition of sewing equipment at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- ☆ Second Jordanian exhibition of cotton and wool-len products at the World Exhibition Hall University Road (11:00 a.m.-10:00 p.m.)
- Exhibition of paintings by artist Khalid Khreis at the French Cultural Centre. Exhibition of wotercolours by artist Shaher Jirmi
- at the Goethe Institute. Photographic exhibition on the intifada at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation 18:00 a.m.-4:00
- Art exhibition by artist Farghali Abdel Huffez at the Balka. Art Gallery in Al Funeis (10:00 a.m.-8:00 p.m.) 1Tel. 720902).
- Plastic ort exhibition by severat Jordanian and Iraqi artists at the Orfali Art Gallery in Um Uthaina.

### FILMS

Film entitled "tadochine" at the French Cultural



### **Jordan Times**

ة درية معاملة بينتك من بالإسلامة عن المؤسسة المستعلمة الأرضية

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### **Expensive delays**

THE JORDANIAN-Israeli memorandum of understanding on reopening of Jordanian commercial banks in the West Bank signed last week in Washington is a necessary step for the ultimate Jordanian-Palestinian economic cooperation even though it was essentially a byproduct of the Jordanian-American-Israeli working group on economic, trade and banking cooperation. When autonomy takes effect as expected in the months ahead, the incorporation of Palestinian consent and agreement on the seemingly transient joint Jordanian-Israeli supervision of banks in the West Bank will have to be attained. This would be necessary in order to complete the circle of cooperation and transcend Israeli technical control over financial institutions in the occupied territories by a joint Palestinian-Jordanian one.

In practical terms, this step should come as a relief to the Palestinians whose short and long-term economic and financial future lies squarely with the Arab World. No wonder the PLO is leaning heavily in support of the Jordanian currency as the official currency of the infant Palestinian entity. Palestinian economists and finance experts have concluded tbat given the nature of the existing Palestinian economy and the insufficiency of hard currencies, it would be counterproductive to introduce a Palestinian currency to service the economy of the embryonic Palestinian self-rule. Under these circumstances, the control and supervision of banking and finance institutions in the eccupied territories by the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) appears to be a must for as long as one can see. The principal beneficiaries from this understanding will be the Palestinian people whose economy is in shambles after decades of Israeli occupation.

Unfortunately till this date, though, the Jordanian-Palestinian draft agreement on economic cooperation remains just a proposal that has yet to be endorsed officially by the PLO. -The implications of this delay in ratifying this Jordanian-Palestinian accord can be best understood and appreciated against the backdrop of the Sept. 13 Israel-PLO agreement which envisages close economic cooperation between them. The visit of PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat to Amman may touch on this point over and above the traditional issues on how to develop and respect a joint strategy on peace talks with the Israeli government. The past few weeks have illustrated more than ever how the interests of Jordan and the PLO are interwoven and inseparable, especially within the framework of these peace negotiations. The PLO chairman's talks here may at last succeed in putting the final touches on a thorough and genuine Palestinian-Jordanian coordination and cooperation agreement that, when ratified by both sides, will pave the road for a fruitful relationship and a strengthened negotiating position for both sides.

### ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I Arabic daily Sunday discussed the start of a parliamentary debate on the government's policy which will end with a vote of confidence. Whether the deputies refrain from backing the government's policy, or supporting its programmes, it is clear that such a debate will be an exercise of democracy and political pluralism. said the paper. Noting that the Jordanian citizens will be anxiously following the debate the paper said that the vnters who sent the deputies to Parliament would be watching their representatives' performance not only during this dehate but throughout the four years of their mandate. Referring to the experiment of the former House, the paper said it was successful by all standards and it is hoped that the present deputies would benefit from the previous experiments and devote their discussions to the issues of particular concern to the public. What the Jordanian public looks forward to seeing, added the paper, is a dehate that aims at achieving further accomplishments for the country and hope to see their representatives showing awareness of the various issues of concern to the public at the political, social and economic levels. The paper said that the Jordan people also look forward to watching the prime minister and the Cabinet members giving clear replies to queries to he raised by the deputies so that the image of democracy remains impeccable and the spirit of cooperation between the executive and legislative authorities can be enhanced.

AL DUSTOUR daily commented on a recent visit to Yemen by Chief of the Royal Court Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, noting that the visit was part of Jordan's mediation efforts to end the current dispute between the country's leaders. The visit reflects King Hussein's deep concern over the internal situation in Yemen and his keenness to safeguard Yemen's national unity, said the daily. Jordan is anxious to see the Yemeni ders patching up their differences and protecting their unity and the course of democracy the country has chosen, added the paper.

# Best implementation of the Israel-PLO deal: Widest participation, establishment of popular sovereignty

By Anis F. Kassim

Author's note: While the Palestinians were "enjoying" the clear legal status of being "occupied" and thus entitled to the protection accorded them in the international buman rights instruments, they have been drawn into a tunnel of uncertainties by the Declaration of Principles. The legal status of their occupied territory is now vague; they are not independent nor has independence been promised, but at the same time they have to develop, with the state of Israel, the entire region and the most crucial issues left without clear guidelines on how to solve them. The new challenges facing the Palesinians require that they neither fight the declaration nor succumb to its dictates. They are duty-bound to chart their way out of that tunnel. For this purpose, the Palestinians need to remvent a new social process that is founded on democratic principles based on the widest participation of Palestinians and respect for human rights. A democratic system that guarantees Palestinians' human rights and satisfies their material, moral and psychological needs is a system based on "popular sovereignty". This concept is well-rooted and sufficiently articulated in many human rights conventions and declaraoons. By utilising this system, the Palesunians may be able to accomplish not only the right of self-determination, but also the right of self-development.

On Setp. 13, 1993, the Declaration of Principles between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and the government of Israel was signed at the White House under the auspices of the United States and Russia. The PLO chairman, Yasser Arafat, and Israel's prime minister, Yitzhak Rabin, two most hostile and antagonistic enemies, shook hands. A new era has purportedly begun in one of the most enduringly troubled areas on earth.

As expected, the Declaraon of Principles attracted applause and support on the one
band, and uproar and condemation on the other. This was
equally true in hoth the Palestinian and Israeli camps. Both
Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat
were lahelled "traitors" by one
group and "courageous" by

This paper is not intended to indulge in praising or lamenting the declaradon. It will deal with it on the premise that such a declaradon is equivalent, in some legal sense, to an "act of God". It is an inevitable accident. Yet, certain preliminary remarks are due, especially those pertaining to the substance of this paper.

#### I- The Declaration of Principles — an overview

Chairman Yasser Arafat had repeatedly said that be "saw a light at the end of the tunnel". This was expected of a leader who at omes of depression in his movement bad tried to muster popular support. The Declaration of Principles has reversed Mr. Arafat's motto. It is not a mere pessimisoc attitude for a Palestinian to say that "I see a tunnel at the end of the light". It is a reality set by the declaration.

1- The declaration is not an "agreement"; it is rather an "agreement to agree". At least the parties to the declaration have to negotiate and agree to thirteen major agreements in addition to countless subsidiary agreements, letters of understanding, side aides memoires and other minuted meetings, the parties, for example will, inter alia, agree on:

— the mode and conditions

of the elections,

— the formation of a Palestinian police force,

the transfer of additional powers and responsibilities,
 the interim agreement,
 the scope of authority,
 structure and procedures for

authorities, etc.,

— the formation of the Continuing Committee that will be authorised to determine the modalities of admission of persons displaced in 1967.

the electricity, water, sea port,

— the establishment of dispute settlement machinery including conciliation and arbitration,

-- how the Palestinian Jerusalemites will vote,
-- the mode of international supervision and observacion,
-- how the election cam-

paigns will be conducted,

— almost endless agreements on "cooperation and coordination," and more cru-

ctally.

— the powers, authorities and structure of the elected

2- The Declaration of Principles refers to half withdrawal and/or redeployment of Israeli forces in the occupied territories. The entire world community, except for Israel, affirms and reaffirms that the West Bank (including East Jerusalem) and the Gaza Strip are legally "occupied territories" Even Israel's High Court of Justice unwittingly admits that legal status but is hesitant to apply the Fourth Geneva Convention to these territories. Now, under the declaration, what is the legal status of these territorie-? Would the Palestinian: still aspire at the protection provided for in interna-

tional humanitarian law?
3- The Palestinians view themselves as part and parcel of the Arab Nation. They

share the same value system and expectations, past, present and future. The declaration has, in effect converted the Palestinians into being an integral part of the Zionist project. This point may be exemplified by reading Article XI of the declaration in conjunction with Annexes III and IV. An Israeli-Palestinian Economic Cooperation Committee will be established in order to develop and implement thirt en spheres and, above all, a plan for the "region". What are the shared values between the Palestinians and the Israelis that exclude those values shared with the other Arab countries? This joint venture between Israel and the Palestinians is not an agreement hetween equals. One of them is a sovereign state and the other is of a dubious status. The Palestinians are neither independent nor quasi-indepen-

4- The final status of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip is soll in balance. This issue was a nightmare to the Palesti-nians and the declaration came to firmly establish that torment. There was no doubt that the legal status of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip was that they were occupied territory and therefore the sovereignty was residual in the people of that territory. This is a well-established rule in cus-tomary international law. The declaration is dublously silent on this very essential point. There is a strong suspicion that the U.S. government, the mentor of this peace process, may have shifted its posicion on this issue from its long-standing view, as explained by former Secretary of State Cyrus. Vance, that "sovereignty ulumately resided in the people of the West Bank and Gaza" to what Secretary George Shultz was subsequently arguing during his tenure that sovereignty 'could he shared''. Even though the declaration is silent on both concepts, it is in effect driving the Palestinians towards the Shultz concept. How else can one interpret the section on "cooperation and coordinadon" other than as saying that the parties will ultimately reach a phase of a joint sovereignty by function? Cooperation and coordination covers virtually all aspects of the social process of any community.

5- The six major areas that are left for the second phase of negotiations constitute a deeper tunnel than the tunnel excavated by the declaration. The legislative history of the Camp David Accords rings an alarming bell in the ears of the Palestinians. The Palestinians, before the advent of the declaradon, were fully aware that the world at large, supported and aided by numerous instruments of public law, confirmed that Jerusalem was an "occupied territory", that the re-fugees rights to return home or compensation have been repeatedly affirmed by about for-U.N. resolutions, that Israeli settlements in the occupied territories are illegal and an obstruction to peace, that borders are those of the June 1967 and that security arrangements are the other side of the coin of Israel's occupation and annexation. Under the declaration, all these clear issues are confined in the darkness of the tunnel. logether with the other major issues highlighted

#### II- The Palestinians' new strategy — popular sovereignty

For the Palestinians to navigate their way out of this very dark tunnel of the declaration they must reinvent their strategy. They are left with no options except to devise methods that may help them convert the adverse effects that have hefallen them as a result of the declaration into benefits. They are duty-bound to make the new changes their ally instead of becoming the

victims. At the very minimum, the Palestinians should exert their hest efforts to mitigate the risks that they might run.

The new strategy should be based on the concept of "popular sovereignty". Popular sovereignty should not be viewed as only limited to an elected council; it should also include a wider participation of Palestinians inside and outside Palestine. It should also be well-ronted in the values of human rights and the supremacy of law.

The prescription of "popular sovereignty" is not an academic exercise in the form of self-governing authority. It is rather a prescription that has its raison d'être in legal, social, economic and political factors. It is an essential prerequisite to build up an authority that may graduate to a "statchood."

Palestinians, whether those whn live under occupatinn or in exile, suburban or refugee camp dwellers, elite or men of the street share, to a large extent, the same expectations. They must be eager, and strongly so, to participate in the reconstruction of their homeland. A new system of government must be devised to enable the widest participation of those Palestinians in the shaping and sharing of their community life.

community life. The enthusiasm of the world community to help the Palestinians build nr develop their infrastructure and increase the absorptive capacity of their economy needs to be capitalised on. The Washington conference, held last October, was attended by forty seven states and governmental organisations, and almost all of them have committed themselves to provide the newly emerging Palestinians community with aid, in cash and inkind, and to help rehuild the necessioes of

The U.N. General Assembly has heen agressively involved in promoting the issue of human rights. The assembly's resolutions are characterised as one of the most important sources of public law. The most notable of these resolutions is the Declaration on Progress and Development. This declaration is a universal manifesto of the right of peoples to self-development. It proclaims that all peoples shall have the right to live in dignity and freedom and to enjoy the fruits of social progress and to contribute to that progress; to participate active-ly in all elements of society, in defining their goals of development, in determining their own priorides, in adopting measures to ensure their effective participation and increase that participation in the preparation and execution of national plans and programmes of economic and social development. in establishing their legal and administrative measures for the protection and improvement of their political and civil

In summation. It is incumbent upon the Palestinians leadership to shift its old policies and strategies to firmly establish the "popular sovereignty" of its constituency in order to avoid falling a vicom to the changes that have befallen the Palestinians. The leadership has to realise that a new authority based on law and on human rights is not a luxury; it is rather a necessity. It is not an issue that it can shelve for a later phase, rather it is an emergency. It is not an option that it can elect to do without; it is mandatory by customary international law that is binding on all participants.

rights and ultimately to create

conducive human environ-

Wage The

their econnmy. Add to that the individual initiatives of several countries and non-governmental organisations to further advance assistance in various forms and different arenas. Which authority will be in charge of receiving, directing and distributing this aid? Under which legal system, laws and regulations will these developments take place?

The third factor which compels the Palesonians to establish "popular sovereignty" is the strong universal drive for burnan rights. Respect for human rights has been declared the motto of the latter part in the 20th century. Any system of government that does not provide for the minimum standard of human rights is an outcast or will soon be declared an outcast.

The Universal Declaration of Human Rigths, which has become the cornerstone of international human rights, provides that:

vides that:

"Everyone has the right to take part in the government of his country, directly or through freely chosen representatives... The will of the people shall be the basis of the authority of government; this shall be expressed in periodic and genuine elections which shall be hy universal and equal secret vote or by equivalent free voting procedures."

voting procedures. The International Convenant on Civil and Political Rights provides that "Every citizen shall have the right and the opportunity,... take part in the conduct of public affairs, directly or through freely chosen representatives, to vote and to be elected at genuine periodic elections...". The International Convencion on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination asserts the same right of free choice in electing one's government. The Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women dictates that women should be treated on equal fooding with men in all aspects, including

the right:

a) to vote in all elections and public referenda and to be eligible for election to all publicly elected bodies:
b) to participate in the form

b) to participate in the formulation of government policy and the implementation thereof...

These women's political rights have been further upheld in the Convention on the Political Rights of Women.

### III- Modalities

How to achieve this popular overeignty?

No doubt that election is one form of maximising this objective. Yet it is not exclusive. In the Palestinian context, there must be a variety of modalities to ensure the widest possible participation of Palesonians in shaping and sharing the new value system.

### A- Elections

The Declaration of Principles provides for elections in the occupied territory so that the Palestinian people "may govern themselves according to democrace principles". It provides that such elections sbould be "direct, free and general" and be held under agreed supervision and international observation, and the "Palestinian police will ensure public order". Annex I, dealing with the mode and condioons of elections, sopulates that the two parties will agree on how the Jerusalemites will participate in the election process, agree on the system of, elections, agree on the mode of national observation and agree on the rules and regulations regarding campaigning.

It is to be noted that there is no obligation on Israel, for example, to repeal the Military Orders that prohibit or restrict free assembly, association, campaigning. Neither does Israel undertake to release about twelve thousand poliocal prisoners to participate in the elections. Israel is not obliged under the declaration to release all information on the population registration records. Above all, there is absolutely no reference to human rights standards in conducting elections.

The various human rights instruments cited above do call for free, genuine and periodic elections. Admittedly, these terms vary from one situation to another and they could be interpreted differently. In the Palesunian context, to safeguard free, genuine and periodic elections, an independent international supervision is a prerequisite. The Palestinian community should be enabled to send to the elected council real representatives who can genuinely express their expectations. These expectations could be thwarted

by the Israelt occupation authorities, who can exercise intimidation either directly or indirectly through their settlers. These expectations could also be frustrated by proponents of the one-party system of government, who can justify this form of government on the basis that at this crucial stage of nation-building "we cannot afford the luxury of democracy". The totalitarian approach is likely to be supported or encouraged by the Israeli authorities. It would be much easier for them to deal with a dictator than with a genuine democratic system of govern-ment. The PLO leadership may also be inclined to frustrate the election process. It has not so far demonstrated an intendon to shift gears from the revolutionary mentality to democraoc approach of gov-ernance. To the contrary, in the most recent meeting of the Central Council there was a strong drive to do away with

Electoral laws in the Gaza Strip do not in effect exist. Such laws that remain are those that the Egyptians put into effect for elections to the Socialist Union, which was the sole ruling party in Egypt under the latter part of President Nasser's reign.

dent Nasser's reign.
The electoral laws in the West Bank are the residual Jordanian laws and regulations that were enacted in 1960. Even though such laws guarantee free, genuine and periodic elections, they need to be amended to conform with international human rights standards. For example, women should be granted the right to vote and be elected; the inofada generation should be allowed to participate, by lowering the age of those who are eligible to vote; and representative seats for specifically Christians and Muslims should be eliminated. This system, once upgraded could be extended to apply to the Gaza Strip without interference by the Israeli authorities.

#### B- Popular participation

Due to the circumstances involving the Palestinian community inside and outside their homeland, there is a great desire to participate in reconstructing their home. Professionals in various specialisations should initiate, and the Palestinian: leadership should of association that will have a role in the decision-making processes. The input of skilled associations is an essential ingredient in the decision-making process. Such participation will render decisions to be authoritative and sanctioned by qualified, competent expertise.

How would the community

view the construction projects envisaged in the Palestinian plan for development if not well identified by qualified planners and engineers, priced by competent quanty surveyors, supervised by experienced management consultants, financed by seasoned bankers and drafted by specialised lawyers? What are the community expectations of a health plan if not prepared by physicians and public health experts? The same applies to the judiciary and the legal profession, to accountants and economists, to education, to taxes, to children care, human rights etc. All professions should organise their respective members and the leadership should allow them to participate at the widest level possible, in influencing decision-making and implementa-

Each professional group should be invited to a broadbased conference to be held under the auspices of the PLO. The conference should be able to freely elect its advisory board, executive committee, sub-committees and secretariat. The conference will adopt its own basic documents and regulations. The PLO leadership will provide the political linkage between that profes-sional association and the centres of decision-making. No decision shall be adopted in any area of activity without the prior input of the professional association concerned that has an interest in that area.

## C- Control and accountability It is elementary to state that

no system of management can accomplish its desired objectives without being subject to an adequate machinary of control and accountability. All decisions, whether they are at the stage of formulation or at the level of implementation, should conform with community expectations. This necessarily requires informed public opinion which, in turn, requires a system of information gathering and dissemination.

A free press is one component of the desired apparatus. Independent radio and television is another. An ombudsman is perhaps more urgently needed during the new era. The experience of other countries with the concept of an ombudsman has proved to be very effective. The ombudsman is a genuine expression of popular sovereignty. He must be guaranteed independence, freedom of investigation and reporting, equipped with the necessary powers and authorities, and accountable only to the elected council.

If, development plans were to commence in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip as eavisaged in the Washington conference, one may reasonably expect that certain safeguards have to be established well in advance to protect these plans against corruption, inefficiency, deprivation, dislocation or uneven distribution of resources.

#### D- Independent judiciary

No democratic system can be so labelled in the absence of an independent efficient judiciary. The Israeli occupation government has ruined the ex-isting system almost completely. It has to be not only reconstructed but also unified. Gaza has inherited virtually all mandatory legislation that was in force in Palestine during the British Mandate, while the West Bank inherited a mixture of Palestinian laws and Jordanian laws. Even the judiciaries in each part have a different set up and must be realigned. There are not enough courts, or wbat remains thereof, to handle disputes and a significant work load. There are eight magistrate's courts, three courts of first instance and one court of appeals in the West Bank. The Court of Cassation and the High Court of Justice were abolished by the Israeli military government. In the Gaza area there are four magistrate's courts, one district court and a high

The jurisdiction of these courts has been continuously marginalised by the occupying power, hence the judiciary has lost expertise in litigation and interpreting the televant laws. The abolition of the Court of Cassation has deprived the judiciary from a significant source of jurispondence.

The PLO leadership bears, along with the Palestinian lawyers, special responsibility in this regard. The unification of the laws, the judiciary system and the rehabilitation of the judges and lawyers are immediate challenges that have to be reckoned with. A high judicial council should be urgently established, to be manned by well-established judges and senior attorneys who have practised under both Jordanian/Egyptian and Israeli regimes. The council should have its own autonomy to be able to perform its tasks and to set the stage for developing into becoming the judicial branch of the government of the state-in-the-making.

### IV- Recommendations

The Palestinians have a long experience in facing challenges, the most recent of which was the Zionist conquest of their homeland. The new declaration has brought forward a very serious challenge. Palestinians are better off not fighting it or succumbing to its dictates. It is an irreversible event supported by the major powers. The Palestinians' best option is not to fall victim to this challenge, but rather to build up their institutions, which will enable them to make the best of it.

One prescription for a safe exit from this tunnel is to guarantee the widest possible participation of Palesonians and to establish popular sovereignty. This concept is firmly established in international human rights documents. By notising this system. the Palestinians may be able not only to accomplish their claim to self-determination bul also to accomplish their claim to self-development. In the prevailing circumstances in the occupied Palestinian territory. it would not be sufficient or satisifying to reach the stage of self-determination if it were, not firmly based on developed institutions that would enable Palestinians to share in the production of community value and to share in their equitable distribution,

The writer is a legal expert working at the Washingtonbased Centre for Policy Analysis on Palestine and, for some time, advisor to the Palestinian peace delegation. He contributed this article to the Jordan Times



## Features

## Where does children's criminal responsibility start?

By Waleed Sadi

LIKE ALL other peoples, Jordanians were shocked and alarmed when British and international press reported a few months ago that James Bulger, a two-year-old toddler, was brutally murdered by two ten-year-old boys whose identity was kept secret until they were convicted and sentenced to mas kept secret than they were convicted and sentenced to indefinite detention two weeks ago by a court in Preston, England. At the time of sentencing, the two boys, Robert Thomson and Job Venables, they were only eleven. The details about how they lured the toddler away from his mother in a Timemont shorping mall and then bludgeaned him to in a Liverpoot shopping mall and then bludgeoned him to death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him to death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him to death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him to death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him to death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him to death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him to death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him to death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and a heavy metal bar and left him on a death with bricks and left him railway line where he was severed into two naturally arose the anger and disbelief of not only the British people but also the rest of mankind.

From a Jordanian and human rights perspective, the finding of criminal responsibility and sentencing the two children to detention was also disturbing. Jordanian laws on criminal responsibility of children less than thirteen years old are so

progressive that they are the envy of more advanced nations of the world. The Jordanian Law on Juveniles effectively exempts children till the age of twelve from criminal responsibility by virtue of the fact that they cannot be sentenced to even short periods of imprisonment, much less to a more serious punishment. This is true no matter how serious is the offence with which they may be charged.

#### **Human Rights File**

For us Jordanians, therefore, finding children at the tender age of ten hold criminally responsible and convictable is puzzling, to say the least. Not that the brutal murder of toddler James Bulger is not shocking and disturbing. Far from it. The very young child has a right to life that not even innocent children may deprive him of.

The disclosure that one of the two boys, Job Venables, might have seen a violent video rented by his father prior to the commission of his terrible crime, adds a new dimension to the case and should turn the finger of accusation away from the children, first to their parents, for exposing their children

to films of violence and crime and second to the society and governments for allowing the production and screening of such wicked visual presentation of crime and violence. Against this backdrop, it is the British society and the British government that are the true and ultimate culprits for interpreting freedom of thought and publication so liberally and irresponsibly as to facilitate the execution of crimes even by children.

No one can convince me that Thomson and Venables are criminally responsible for their deeds when their environment exposed them so early in their formative years to crime. It is the British government and the British mores and new tendencies that should have been "prosecuted" for the acts of the two boys. The family of the murdered toddler would be well advised to take the authorities to court for the crime that was perpetrated by the two children and bold them accountable.

From the human rights perspective, as conceived by the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the two basic,

legally binding instruments that emanated from it, there appears to be, on the surface, benign silence on bow to treat children at the age of ten when they commit a crime. The declaration itself speaks of extending protection to children.

The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) also speaks of protecting children and stipulates that capital punishment cannot be applied on persons less than 18 years old. The International Convention on the Right of the Child stipulates the same thing. On the surface, there appears to be little said about criminal responsibility as far as children are converted. are concerned. Yet, a more liberal construction of these internationally codified principles would call for an effective protection of children. And when one speaks of protection, one bas got to be thinking in terms of protecting children from violence and crime as a group of buman beings who are most vulnerable to exploitation and abuse. This is where human rights and the more enlightened attitude towards children meet and coincide.

As a buman rights activist on the international arena, I would readily conclude that children as young as ten cannot be beld criminally accountable. Rather, I would conclude that the protection that children are entitled to under the relevant numan rights treaties and conventions should include protection from crime and violence, especially of the kind Job Venables was subjected to by his own father.

### Vote of confidence session

(Continued from page 3)

is to end this awkward situation by charging the squatters a reasonable price for the land they seized and end the problem.

I demand that the government re-examine the Election Law with a view to introducing an amendment allowing large districts like the Amman Fifth District to be split into two or more districts and to assign one seat in parliament for each sub-district."

**Badr Riati** (Maan District) (Islamic Action Front -- IAF)

His Majesty King Hussein has wanted free and democratic elections, but the govern-ment's practices before and during the election process shed doubts on the integrity of the elections.

This creates fears about the fate and future of the democratie process in our country. Anti-democratic practices by the government include dissolving parliament before the end of its mandate and the introduction of the one-person, one-vote law after the absenting of the legislative power, the 11th parliament. This law had a clear impact on the national unity, since it en-hanced sectarianism and tribalism against which Prophet Mohammad had warned.

Regarding the government's neutrality and integrity in elections, people in my district believe integrity and honesty were lacking.

The government practices aclude the transfer of certain employees at a time when senior officials were putting pressure on certain leaders to support certain candidates rather than others under the pretext that the ones they were lobbying for will serve the interest of the country. They also include the arrest of some candidates and their supporters, while providing all the necessary facilities for other people and denying others these facilities.

Therefore, I call for reconsidering all administrative and legal procedures governing registration, polling and votecounting and propose that the whole election process be entrusted to the judiciary which is a nentral body. I take this opportunity to thank the Jordanian armed forces and the military intelligence de-partment for taking a neutral stand in the election process in my district.

The settlement march, incorrently called the peace march, is not but a subjugation to the greeds of the aggressors, and a recognition on our part of the legitimacy of its aggression and occupation of our holiest shrines after Mecca and Medina. This is a prelude to controlling onr economy, wealth, water and natural resources, thus achieving its old new dream of establishing Greater Israel, from the Eupbrates to the Nile. Peace in Islam does not mean the surrender and abandonment of the land.

Holding the Palestine Li-beration Organisation (PLO) responsible for the settlement does not relieve us from the responsibility.

I urge the government to reconsider its information poli-cy in line with our faith, culture, traditions and norms. Observers of the government's information policy will find that it tends for normalisation of relations with the enemy by ignoring the activities of the intifada or the news of the expellees, still in Marj Al Zuhour in South Lebanon.

Fawwaz Zou'bi

whether to give or deny the government a vote of confi-

government considered as its policy statement, constitutes a real and serious start for a responsible political attitude .... but we advise the government, in these difficult and crucial circumstances, to talk less and act more.

guaranteed by the Constitu-

We call on the government to put an end to the moody policy. We also demand the government restore the lands confiscated in 1967 by the Jordan Valley Authority to build Khaled Ben Walid Dam as well as the lands that the Armed Forces seized in Umm Qais or to compensate their owners."

Abdul Majid Al Azzam [Irbid District) (NAF)

I bope that the government will adhere to the Speech from the Throne to the 12th Partiament, upon which the govern-ment sought a vote of confidence from the Lower House. We all agree that His Majes-

ty King Hussein enjoys the wisdom, astuteness and a unique status among world lead-ers, that all made him the focus of attention that in turn won Jordan a special place worl-

I call on the government to take the necessary steps to alleviate poverty and unemployment, which are responsi-ble for the continuous suffering of big segments of the society. To achieve this 1 suggest that the Zakat fund and its committees be activated and that the role of the Development and Employment Fund be acti-

I also call on the government to fairly distribute the various development projects throughout Jordan, taking into consideration population density.

social security.

1 hope the government will

(Ramtha District) (NAF) "In light of the government's response, I will decide on

We find that the Speech from the Throne, which the

Protecting the environment and providing security and health are national duties

I urge the government to cover all sectors of society with

### King, Arafat hold talks

But he is said to be concerned that an agreement with Jordan could be used by the Israelis to limit Palestinian prospects for a future total

(Continued from page 1)

sovereignty. "The PLO should not be worried about that," said one Jordanian official. "The principles in the joint Jordanian-Palestinian agreement leaves the door open for different scenarios for the future bilateral relationship and it does not bloc Palestinian sovereignty." Mr. Arafat has come under

considerable pressure from his colleagues and the Palestinian business community to reactivate close coordination with Jordan.

He was specifically criticised for drawing closer to Egypt and giving priority to his agree-ment with Israel at the expense of Jordan.

Some of Arafat's aides refuse this criticism saying that

Mr. Arafat has to ensure Israel's unequivocal recogni-tion of the Palestinians as sovereign entity before binding himself with any agreement that could be exploited by Israel to evade Palestinian independence.
According to the draft eco-

nomic agreement, the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) will regulate the monetary policies while the Jordanian dinar will be the official currency.

The agreement also involves raising the trade exchange to a minimum of \$300 million in the first year - after the inauguration of Palestinian self-rule and setting up a joint free zone in the Jordan Valley area.

In a memorandum submitted to Mr. Arafat, a number of leading Palestinian investors urged the PLO Chairman to take practical steps to consolidate economie cooperation with Arab countries, particularly Jordan, to prevent con-tinued Israeli control of the Palestinian economy.

provide offices for deputies. each in his governorate to facilitate their work.

Abdul Hadi Majali

(Karak District) (NAF) "Now that we have won the confidence of our people and bave taken our seats in Parliament, we as deputies should justify their confidence in us and put into practice the meanings of democracy and fight off all forms of corruption and

The government policy statement encompasses various issues of concern to the Jordanian people and one which reflects the King's concern over safeguarding national unity and ensuring further progress and development.

As deputies we ought to interact with the various issues, taking lessons from past experiences and considering the challenges of the coming stage so that we can avoid negative aspects in our democratic

We believe that in a democracy there must be an opposition in parliament, one that can diagnose any shortcomings and failures, in the application of laws, pinpoint weaknesses and belp solve problems.

I urge the government to give special attention to the less developed and less fortunate districts and help them to develop and catch up with the other areas.

I suggest that the government allocate a portion of the profits of the major industrial projects in Jordan to help improve the living conditions of the less developed regions by initiating income-generalii projects and urging local societies and institutions to stimulate their activities and carry out social and economic

Concerning public adminis-tration development, I suggest that the government formulate job descriptions for employees, a practice that is bound to reduce the number of surplus employees. Unless this is done, there can be no way of reforming the public adminis-

tration system in Jordan. We support the policy statement in which the government pledges to apply the decentralisation policy, reduce external debts and work to achieve a just and comprehensive peace and also to continue support-ing the Palestinian people and respecting their independent decisions.

We demand that the government promote extracurricula activity in the educational system so that it can encourage talented students towards creative work. The government ought to encourage art, sports, sculpture and other forms of extracurricula programme.

Nawwaf Oadi (Northern Bedouins) (JNF)

This government is from the people and to the people... and it wasn't exported. Its members possess the ex-perience and the knowledge.

We have sons and daughters in our district who have obtained university degrees but who are unemployed. while many of their brothers who come from other governo-rates take jobs at the Ministry of Education and other government institutions... we hope that the government would look seriously into the conditions of these people.

We demand the government give priority of employment at Al al Bait University to the Mafraq governorate, especially in the administrative posts as it is the case at Mu ta and Yarmouk universities.

I wish the government would adopt a plan for the stateowned lands in the Jordanian desert and dig wells there. I hope they will give these lands to our sons without exception.

. Mohammad Odeh Njadat (Southern Bedouins) (JNF) My position on the confidence vote depends on the government reaction to the demands of my front:

1) Consulting the parties and

the parliamentary blocs from time to time on various political development.

2) Consulting the parties and the parliamentary blocs when conducting a government reshuffle (and not as the case was in the last government) to deepen democratic principles and political pluralism.

3) Achieving justice in appointments depending on geographical distribution, qualification and normal promotion and not on sectarian, personal or party affiliations.

4) Formulating a modern election law that meets the current stage, achieves constitutional justice and avoids the negative aspects in the current

would like to point to the following areas which need special attention: 1) Poverty and unemploy-

2) The 93-97 development plan, which needs to concentrate more on rural and badia regions which cover 80 per cent of the Kingdom's area. 3) Strengthening the Armed Forces and giving retired army personnel more benefits espe-cially by backing the Jordan

Economic and Social Organisation for Retired Serl ask the government to continue to support and improve bedouin settlement projects and to give more attention to the Wadi Araba region where

the inhabitants live in difficult conditions. Also, there is still a major deficiency in the education sector as the badia regions lack qualified specialists because of the absence of incentives that would encourage educationists to come to the region.'

Hammam Sa'eed (Amman Fifth District) (IAF) "I withhold the vote of confidence and urge my colleagues

to do so. The government should not have hidden itself behind the King's Speech from the Throne. It should have presented its own policy state-

This government, as is known, has been formed for two objectives: to conduct the elections and to continue talks with the Jewish enemy. Those two objectives make it transitional.

According to tradition, a government that oversees elections or dissolves parliament resigns. It is parliament that gives governments legitimacy not the other way around.

Negotiations with the Jewish

enemy is a result of the Gulf war, which was only one step on the road to settlement. A part of Palestine (the West Bank) was part of Jordan and that part, according to the Constitution, cannot be abandoned. The two banks (of the Jordan River have become one with one people and the people bear the historical, religious and political responsibility for any part of the Kingdom that

falls under occupation.

This government, by signing an agenda (with Israel) on

Sept. 14, has given up sovereignty over the West Bank when it agreed to consider the boundry between the two banks a horder with the so-called Israel.

The government was neither fair nor neutral in conducting the elections, from beginning to end. Thousands of voter names were duplicated.

Nader Abu Shaar (Irbid District) (NAF)

The government has started applying decentralisation for the sake of saving time and effort for citizens and saving them the trouble of approaching the central government in Amman, But I say that such practice should go hand in hand with a drastic administrative reform encompassing various government departments to be coupled with a serious effort to stimu-late the role of the Inspection and Control Bureau and to grant the Audit Bureau ex-

panded powers. I believe that unemployment is one of the worst social issues facing the Jordanian community over the past few years and it is now estimated to be running at the rate of 20 per cent of the total workforce.

I demand that the government underrake all possible measures to deal with this issue and to find appropriate solutions in cooperation with the private sector.

One suggestion to the gov-ernment in this respect is to reduce the rate of non-Jorda-nian workers employed in the country and enact legislation to encourage investment.

I believe that the govern-

ment should re-examine the taxation system with a view to reducing the burdens on the citizens and raising the per capita income which currently does not exceed an average of \$1,000 per annum. I also demand that the gov-

ernment refrain from lifting the subsidies on basic food commodities because that would affect the majority of the public in Jordan. I demand that the govern-

ment conduct a study aimed at raising the salaries of all employees and military personnel as well as pensioners, enabling them to cope with annual inflation and the constant increase in the cost of living."

Mohammad Thuwaib (Amman Second District) (Jordanian National Front)

"It is of paramount import-ance that brothers view local and international changes logically... and that the Arab performance be upgraded to the level of supporting Jordanian overcoming its economic crises which have their impact on our social security and stability. Also, the Kingdom should be divided into new electoral

constituencies according to clear bases that are relevant to the number of inhabitants and their representatives in Parliament.

### Christopher holds talks in Syria

(Continued from page 1)

to achieve progress on all tracks of the peace process, which also involves Lebanon, Jordan and the Palestinians.

Both sides expressed their commitment to achieving a just and comprehensive peace, a Foreign Ministry official said. Syria is demanding a full Israeli withdrawal from the Golan Heights.

Israel wants full recognition Its foreign minister, Shimon

Peres, who met Mr. Christopher Sunday, said the night before that Israel would not withdraw from all of the Golan Heights but might return part of the strategic plateau. Syria's official daily Al

Baath said in an editorial on Sunday: "What we in Syria want is full and total Israeli withdrawal from our occupied territories as a basic pre-condition for achieving real peace in the region."

"Anyone who thinks Syria could accept anything else is

Eleven rounds of talks between Syria and Israel in the last two years have made no tangible progress.

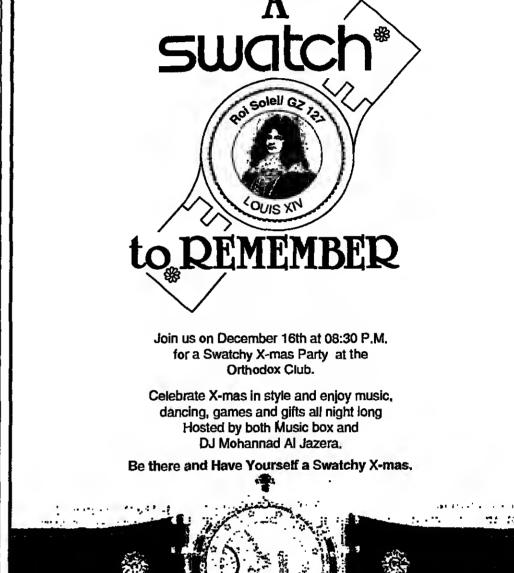
Officials said Mr. Christopher also expressed the "de-sire of the United States to improve Syrian-U.S. ties," --a possible reference to a meeting between Mr. Assad and President Bill Clinton which American officials say is being considered.
The United States has repe-

atedly called for a comprehensive peace settlement in the Middle East which would ensure security in the region and Write the number pave the way for economic benefits. of the one career that interests you

Washington is also seeking a clear signal from Damascus that peace with Israel will not be an empty promise.

President Clinton, in de-

fending his economic and trade policies across the world, has nsisted that economic prosperity was the best guarantee for



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## World Bank urges Asia to curb pollution now

BANGKOK (R) — The World Bank is telling the rapidly developing nations of Asia to make investments to fight environmental pollution now or face massive bills in the future. "We cao learn from others

we can learn from others always and avoid the Japanese bubble" when 25 per ceot of that anation's industrial investment in the early 1970s had to he speot on pollution abatement. bank economist Carter Brandoo told reporters in Bangkok.

Mr. Brandon was briefing the press on a oew World Baok paper he helped write called: "Toward an environmental strategy for Asia. A summary will be published Monday. "Pollution is growing several

times faster than the (Asian) economy at large," he said last week. "Economic growth is high. Increases in pollution are truly exponential.

He said industrial pollution was growing four or five times nomies, energy use two to three times faster and the number of vehicles two 10 1hree times faster.

The cost is great. World Bank studies show that air pollution and traffic congestion costs \$3.6 hillion a year in Seoul, including the price of health care and loss

The loss in Bangkok due to dirty air and clogged streets was put as high as \$3.1 billion a year and in Jakarta. up to \$800 million.

"Environmental health and productivity impacts cost real money and are not only quality of life issues. Mr. Brandon

The World Bank is urging

Asian nations to lovest now to clear air and water and through iocentives and disincentives to get their industries to invest cleaner technologies.

pollution," he said. "People have been polluting for free. Mr. Brandon said the cost of pollution in big Asian cities was nearing 10 per cent of urban gross domestic product (GDP). He put the cost of cleanup at one or two per cent of urban GDP.

"This is a very good invest-ment," he said. "Although we generally advocate smaller government, environmental protection is one area where we support stronger govern-

He said the World Bank was willing to help Asian nations address details of price and tax reform, and monitor and enforce environmental laws.

Pollution-hased taxes could geoerally two to 10 per cent of public revenues in Malaysia. Indonesia and Thailand "and still not tax pollution at the marginal cost of environment damage incurred, he said.

### Clinton shows concern for California in jobs summit

profile jobs summit to show concern for California's lagging economy Sciurday and primised to take a new look at ways to expand exports of the state's high-technology goods.
In his eighth trip in 10 months to a state that will he

key to his 1996 reelection prospects, Mr. Clinton played the role of a moderator in a discus-sion at the division of Rockwell International that makes the space shuttle's main engine. California husiness and poli-

tical leaders outlined a wide array of problems — defence-related layoffs, inner-city crime, snarled transportation systems — that are making the state's economy lag behind the rest of the United States in \* rehounding from recession. Mr. Clinton listened dutiful-

Iy and interjected frequently, eyeglasses perched on his nose, seated before a space shuttle engine with a presidential seat

The discussion lasted for more than three hours as more than 20 speakers had their say, and, at one point. Motown 'Records' representative Clarence Avant appeared to be

> It was the same kind of marathon talk fest that Mr.

ABU DHABI (AFP) — The Arah World's higgest joiot shipping venture suffered a

loss of more than \$30 millioo in

1992 due to currency finctua-

tions and a decline in freight

and interest rates, the com-

After a record net profit of

\$60 million in 1991, the United

Arah Shipping Company

Clinton held on a larger scale a year ago in Little Rock. Arkansas, when he gathered economic experts for a summit

answers for the state's intractable problems, which are causing California's johless rate to remain at 8.6 per cent, much higher than the national level of 6.4 per cent as reported Friday by the government for the month of November.

in the last year, we've learned that there is no silver bullet." he said. meaning no miracle

employees, Mr. Clinton hailed "clear and consistent signs of recovery" in the national economy but said he realised that many Americans have not yet seen their own lives improve as

have not felt it yet, hut you can't ignore the facts that the direction of the economy is good, not had. We are coming back and that will henefit the

One major proniem that ports of U.S. restrictions based on fears they might he used for hallistic missiles and weapons

build satellites. They have no-thing to do with each other." Mr. Armstrong said in a appealing to Mr. Clinton to change the sanctions.

Mr. Clinton said that in general "we've got to try to sell more high-tech products abroad but predicted he would have difficulties reconciling the need to generate more business in America and keeping control over high-tech

this and figuring out what the worst dilemmas I'm dealing

### OPEC chief: God knows when oil prices will improve

ABU DHABI (AFP) - Oil prices have plummetted to one of their lovest levels oo OPEC's history and only God knows when they will improve, the group's president was

quoted Saturday as saying.
Abdullah Ibn Hamad Ai Atteyya hlamed non-OPEC producers and swelling crude stocks in industrial states for the decline in oil prices.

"The official price of oil should be \$21 hut we have not reached eveo \$18. We hope to reach that level," Sheikh Atteyya, Qatar's eoergy and industry minister, told the

**EC** proposes

Saudi magazine Al Yamama. Asked whether he expects prices to improve following OPEC's agreement last month to keep its output ceiling, he said: "God knows."

The Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) decided to maintain its official output ceiling of 24.5 million barrels per day for the six months ending in

But oil prices have plunged to nearly \$7 below OPEC's benchmark of \$21.

"Unfortunately, winter has

started and prices are still falling." Sheikh Atteyya said. "It could be because stocks in the industrial countries are very large. This is due to economic recession, which prompted them to stock more."

But Sheikh Atleyya, who has proposed a dialogue with non-OPEC producers, also blamed them. He said they were "taking advantage of any price increase to pump more crude and this is pushing prices

Sheikh Atteyya said he could not know wheo the United Natioos would allow embargo-hit lraq to resume oil exports. But he warned Iraq's return could further depress prices unless it is given a fixed

"We have agreed to hold an emergency OPEC meeting in case Iraq returns," he said.

In his weekly economic report, Kuwaiti parliament' adviser Jassim Al Saadoun urged OPEC to chalk our a long-term strategy to stabilise the market.

"OPEC should be ready to sacrifice part of its market share to gradually absorb Iraq in a calculated manner and to

decide how to deal with producers outside it." he said in the report published in the United Arab Emirates (UAE)

daily Al Khalcej Satutday. But he said he was pes mistic about the group's ability to develop a long-term strategy because it had such a poor

track record of cooperation. He said Kuwait, which has been allocated a quota of two million barrels per day was the least affected by the price drop on the grounds it has assumed revenues at a production rate of 1.8 million barrels per day and prices of \$14 a barrel.

# We advocate taxes on

LOS ANGELES (R) — President Bill Clinton staged a highhefore taking office.
But he had few sweeping

"We've learned some things

Speaking later to Rockwell

"We are moving in the right direction. Most Americans. state of California and the people who live here," he said.

came up was the impact on California high-technology ex-

year, it said in its balance sheet

ohtained from its Dubai office.

Assets also dropped hy seven per cent to \$1.12 hillion

from \$1.21 billion and liabili-

ties by 34 per cent to \$112

million from \$169.8 million in

the same period, the report

"The loss was mainly from

of mass destruction. Mike Armstrong of Hughes Aircraft Corp said sanctions against China for violating international missile control rules had a terrible impact on his company.

He said German companies had managed to take away from Hughes a contract 10 supply at least two and up to 20 more communications satellites to China . 4 deal that would be worth up to \$1.2 hillion and up to 5,000 jobs in southern California.

We huild missiles. We

"I'm trying to get on top of neck to do but this is one of the with." Mr. Clinion said.

Arab Gulf shipping firm reports sharp loss

operation s and was caused by

an increase in costs and by

other circumstances that pre-

vailed in the market in 1992," in said. "Other factors include

the sharp fluctuation in Euro-

pean currencies, a steady de-

cline in interest rates and high

inflation rates in developing

countries in Asia and Latin

### massive make-work investment programme is expected to peak at 11.5 per

BRUSSELS (AFP) — The European Community (EC) proposed an ambitious hlueprint for growth and employment here Sunday, axed on a six-year investment plan totalling 120 billion ECU (\$122 bil-

The so-called white paper on competitiveoess, growth and employment was endorsed by the (EC's) executive European Commission. It will be the main item at an EC leadership summit oo Friday and

Saturday. "This document is excellent. If it is applied properly, it will allow the creation of 15 millioo oew jobs hy the end of the decade," Fioaoce Commissioner Henning Christophersen said.

Masterminded hy Commission Presideot Jacques Delors, the white paper proposes jobcreating investments in trans-port (high-speed road and rail) and energy links spanning the continent, plus high-tech

'electronic highways."

The plan, which also extends to urban renewal projects, aims at underpinning an ecooomic turn-around in the Community, which is struggling to emerge from economic reces-

Mr. Christophersen said about 60 per cent of the investment funds had already been found in the Ec budget and the rest would come from special

According to latest economic forecasts, EC economic growth will shrink 0.4 per cent this year before inching up by 1.3 per cent next year.

worth rate needed to brake owing unemployment, which

UASC sources said the in-

crease in costs of operations

was due to a steep fall in

freight rates caused by growing competition among shipping

Rates on cargo from the United States to the Gulf fell

by nearly 20 per cent to \$2,000 from \$2,800 per container while those from Europe dip-

cent of the workforce in mid-1995 — oearly 20 millioo

But EC policy-makers are worried that even a return to bealthy economic growth will not create enough jobs. be-cause of the poor productivity of Europe's labour force rela-tive to Asia and the United

Labour regulations and an expensive welfare system, fioanced largely by levies on employers, are beld largely responsible for the fact that the EC's economies create sewer jobs and more long-term unemploymeot.

The white paper aims at culting the employment rate in half hy the end of the decade, through the creation of 15 million oew jobs.

It also involves holding back salaries, cutting government spending, lower social charges on husiness and controversial proposals for work-sharing through more part-time work, more time off and possibly a shorter working week.

EC finance ministers met Sunday to dehate an associated set of economic guidelines which could help member countries reach these targets. The guidelines will also he

discussed at the summit, where EC leaders are expected to spotlight the danger that their Maastricht treaty plans for greater integration and a single currency could be torpedoed by growing unemployment.

But the commission's plans have run into trouble because of the reluctance of some counanthorities a greater role in economic decisioo-making.

ped by around 27 per cent to \$1,100 from \$1,500. Rates on

containers bound for Europe

also plunged by more than 30

shipping firms decided last

mooth to hike rates by \$150 on

20-foot cootainers and \$300 on

40-foot containers destined for

or coming from the Far East.

UASC and nine other world

per cent.

## China party chief hails top-speed market reforms

BELJING (R) — Communist Party chief Jiang Zemin has given full blessing to rejuvenatiog speedy market reforms. closing the hooks on five months of fiscal retrenchment and hailing a new phase of aggressive economy-huilding.

"China is in for a critical historical period," Mr. Jiang said at the close of a national conference on the economy. "Nineteen nioety-four will be a year of great importance in accelerating reform and opening up and maintaining sustaioable, fast and healthier development of the national eco-

"The domestic situation has provided a golden and favourable opportunity and everything must be done to seize it. Mr. Jiang said in a speech given Saturday and reported hy most major official newspapers Sunday.

Mr. Jiang's order to hasten market reforms was the larest signal that China is scrapping a retrenchment programme adopted in July as the sizzling was racing toward a feared meltdown.

Vice Premier Zhu Rongji, the erstwhile "economic supremo" who piloted the retrenchment, bas stumbled from the reform limelight and has been cited only as chairman of the

meeting. Mr. Zhu's clampdown on credit and recall of unproductive state loans did slow property and stock speculation, but barely trimmed one percentage point from July's annual growth rate.

Mr. Jiang heralded the Communist Party's apparent helief that year npon year of doubledigit gross domestic product (GDP) growth is beneficial and sustainable despite Chinese and foreign ecocomists' warn-

'China's national economy has for two consecutive years maintained a growth rate of 13 per cent, with good agricultural harvests, rapid development of industry, prosperity of the domestic market, increase of people's incomes and cootinuing improvement of peo-ple's living standards," Mr. Jiang said. "China's financial

situation is becoming healthier and the over-heated capital investment has begun to slow down.

Mr. Jiang said work toward a modern legal system and campaigns against corruption had eased concerns of foreigners, and their huge investments were validation of highspeed development.

Foreign businessmen are enthusiastic about investing in China," said Mr. Jiang, who is also state president and head of the Ceotral Military Commission.

Mr. Jiang's remarks fol-lowed a similarly hullish appeal from the year far more cautious premier, Li Peng, who only last year was preaching the virtues of holding annual growth at six per cent.

Keeping the economy on a fast and healthy track remains China's top priority," Mr. Li told the same conference, conveoed to assess the Communist Party's push ro establi h a socialist market economy. before 1995.

Mr. Jiang and Mr. Li have a now formally aligned themselves with the high-growth policies believed to reflect the

wishes of Deng Xiaoping, China's 89-year-old patriarch.

Many experts fear rhey are playing with fire.

Rathett.

£ mergh

World Bank economist Hwa Erh-Cheng warned last week that China is growing too fast and courting new rounds of inflation, the politically destabilising menace that helped the communists overthrow the nationalists in 1949.

"The growth in the issue of money is still too high," Mr. Hwa wrote. "The fall in the rate of inflation cannot be considered large. The trade balance continues to worsen. At the end of September, the inflationary pressure remained very high."

#### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR MONDAY DECEMBER 6, 1993

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Don't east any plan for today in concrete for with the Moon squaring the Sun and Mars it is more than likely that the people your dealing with will be quarrel-some, irritable, impulsive and self-indulgent.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19)

Don't allow a restlessness to pos-sess you so you go off on a tangent but direct it into private channel where you can build a better life for yourself. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You find it possible to get annoyed with a good friend un-less you are careful for later this

person will be right one to aid you gain a desire. GEMINI: (May 21 10 June 21)

Ynu can lessen the good opinion of those in power if you act in any sort of rebellious manner and later you find self-control pays off dividends. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Going off to some new interest because it seems glamor-ous can make you lose out on a long worked for desire so stick to

original course. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You want in get nut from under an obligation that has been good for you but you would make a mistake to do so for old aims are

best in the long run. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Consider well the various options you have with outside contacts instead of getting in-

THE Daily Crossword by Bernice Gordon

volved in home contitions that

are upsetting to you. LIBRA: (September 23 to Octo-ber 22) Whatever you have in mind where your work is con-cerned is very good so be stead-fast at it and don't go rumante around seeking new outlets.

SCORPIO: (Octuber 23 to November 21) You have all kinds of desires to spend far more than you can afford on some temporary pleasure but la-ter simple amusements would

suit you better SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Matters at your residence can be discouraging early but don't take problems there seriously and events soon take a decided turn for the

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) It is important you use care in the highway and motion in anyway in the morning while later you find you can make headway with routine

AQUARIUS: (January 21 in February 19) Take some time out to analyse where you are headed financially instead of yielding 10 an urge to spend more than you can afford and you get added

security. PISCES: (February 20 iu March 20) You feel you are imposed upon beyond the limit of your endurance but light is just around the corner so keep cheerful and all works out fine later.

### Peanuts

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pany has reported.















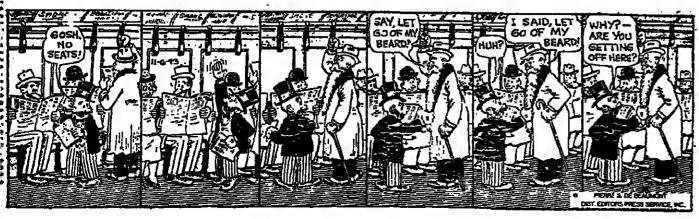
### **Andy Capp**



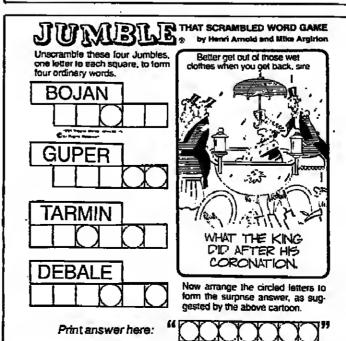


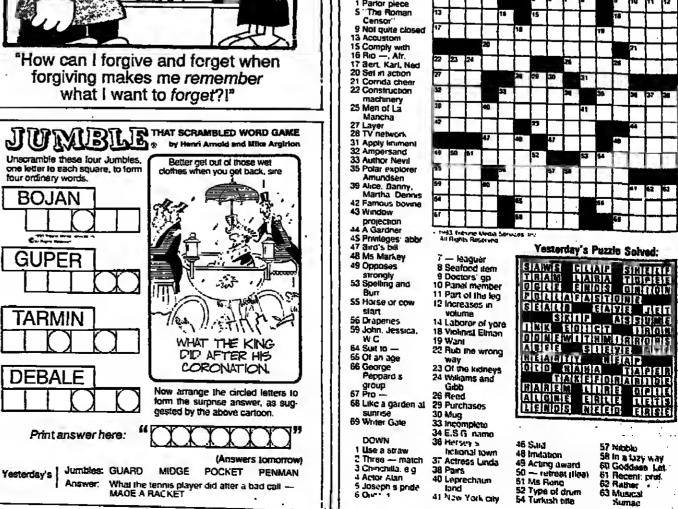


### **Mutt'n'Jeff**

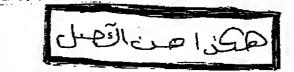


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**Jordan Times** Financial

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#### Foreign Exchange Market Summary (November 29 - December 3, 1993)

AMMAN — The dollar appreciated slightly against the mark at the end of last week in comparison to the previous week. Meanwhile, it depreciated against sterling and stabilised

against the yen. A series of positive economic reports released during the week failed to spark a significant dollar rally.

The dollar depreciated substantially against the mark and sterling Monday despite the release of positive October existing home sales figures in the U.S. The dollar appreciated to reach 1.7181 marks, after the release of the figures which revealed a rise of 3.6 per cent from September Furthermore, expectations, that the Bundesbank might ease its monetary policy on Thursday added to the initial dollar rally. However, the dollar's failure to break resistance at 1.72 marks, caused a wave of profittaking, which resulted in the dollar closing at its lowest level of the week against the mark at 1.7085 marks. On the other hand, the Japanese yen depreciated against the dollar due to another decline in the Tokyo stock market. The

dollar closed at 109.23 yen, its highest level of the week. On Tuesday, the dollar appreciated against the mark in the shadow of newly released positive American economic re-ports. Consumer Confidence Index showed an increase to 71.2 per cent in November from 60.5 per cent in October.

Furthermore, the Chicago Purchasing Manager's Index rose to 65.3 per cent in November from 57 per cent in October. Meanwhile, sterling appreciated against the mark after the British government's budget for upcoming fiscal year was announced. The pound's rise was attributed to the budget's spending cuts, which proved larger than expected, whereas tax

increases were below expectations.

On Wednesday, the U.S. unit continued its appreciation against the mark and sterling to reach its highest closing levels. This appreciation was attributed to yet another batch of U.S. economic statistics. The Purchasing Manager's Index increased to 55.7 per cent in November, from 53.5 per cent in

Construction spending showed an increase of 2.5 per cent in November, after rising by 0.8 per cent in October U.S. GDP for the third quarter was revised to show a rise of 2.7 per cent from 2.8 per cent previously announced. However, this revision didn't have a major impact on the dollar in view of the

other positive economic reports.

Meanwhile, the U.S. trade data for the third quarter showed a rise in the trade deficit to \$36.3 billion. On the other hand, the yen appreciated against the dollar in response to a rise in Tokyo stock prices. The dollar, thus ended at 1.7238 marks

and 108.80 yen, while sterling ended at 1.4780 dollars.

The dollar retreated against the mark and sterling Thursday due to position adjustments, despite positive expectations about the U.S. employment report which was due to be

released the next day.

The dollar continued its depreciation against the mark Friday despite the release of encouraging U.S. employment data for November. The dollar was reported to have appreciated against the mark following the release of this report to reach 1.7290 mark. The dollar's retreat later in the day was attributed to the fact the employment data was largely within expectations, which caused many dealers to liquidate their long dollar positions. The employment report revealed an increase of 208,000 in non-farm payrolls in November, against expectations of a 170,000 increase. On the other hand, October's figures were revised negatively to show a rise of 147,000, instead of the 177,000 increase previously declared. In the meantime, another set of report was released that day. It included U.S. leading indicator figures, which revealed a rise of 0.5 per cent in October. Factory orders which rose by 1.2 per cent, in October and housing completions, which jumped by 6.2 per cent over the same month.

ro-Currency	Interest	Rates

	26/11	/1993	3/12/1993		
Currency	-Month  %=	1-Year (%)	1-Month (%-)	l-Year (%)	
U.S. Dollar	2.98	5.62	3.31	3.75	
Sterling Pound	5.25	5.19	5.19	5.06	
Deutsche Mark	6.25	5.31	6.18	5.18	
Swiss Franc	4,43	3、75	4.50	3.62	
French Franc	6.69	5.75	6.63	5.56	
Japanese Yen	2.57	2.00	2.18	1.75	

interbank had rates for amounts exceeding U.S. Hallars Linea, mill or equi

	Dace: 5/12/1993			
Сигтепсу	Bid	Offer		
U.S. Dollar	0.7010	0.7030		
Sterling Pound	1.0437	1.0489		
Deutsche Mark	0.4072	0.4092		
Swiss Franc	0.4698	C.4721		
French Franc	0.1184	0.1190		
Japanese Ven	0.6451	0.6483		
Dutch Guilder	0.3652	0.3650		
Swedish Krona	25942	92822		
Italian Lira	0.0409	0.0411		
Belgian Franc	*****	****		
fer:100				

### Arab Bank tops private Arab banks in volume of assets

## World's Arab banks increase net profit by 50 per cent

By Samir Shafig Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The Arab banking sector bad an overall balance sheet total of about \$526.5 billion at the end of 1992. 18.5 per cent above the figure posted in 1991, a study by the Union of Arab Banks shows.

The study, a summary of which was made available to the Lordan Times Saturday.

the Jordan Times Saturday, also shows that all the Arab banks bad collectively increased net profit by 50 per cent, baving recorded a total of nearly \$6 billion at the end of

Casb in band and at banks increased by 46.4 per cent be-tween 1991 and 1992 and, as a result, Arab banks consolidated their liquidity to an average of 31.8 per cent in 1992, compared to 30.8 per cent in 1991, the study pointed out.

According to the study, the Arab banking sector repatriated more than \$5.3 billion of external assets which were chameled overseas during the Gulf crisis and, consequently, brought up the total of assets to about \$80 billion at the end of last year.

Credits extended to various economic activities exceeded \$240 billion, reflecting a high 73.5 credits to deposits ratio in 1992 and showing a growth rate of 1.2 per cent over the amounts of credit extended in

The base of deposits expanded by an average 22.5 per

Main indicators and financial ratios for the Arab banking sector for 1991 and 1992 (Amounts in \$b)

Indicators and ratios	1991	1992	
1. Assets	444.3	556.5	
2. Loans and advances	237.2	240.0	
3. Deposits	266.4	326.3	
4. Shareholders equity	77.7	84.0	
5. Net profit	4.0	6.0	
6. Liquidity ratio (%)	30.8	31.8	
7. Credits/deposits ratio (%)	89.0	73.5	
8. Adequacy ratio (Basie) (%)	22,2	20.4	
9. Profitability ratio (assets)	0.9	1.1	
10. Profitability ratio (equity) (%)	5.1	7.1	

cent, reaching approximately \$326.3 billion in 1992, the

study said.
It added that the shareholders' equity of the Arab banks rose by 8.1 per cent, reaching about \$84 billion, in line with new international standards for capital adequacy.
Furthermore, merg

tween Arab banks have contributed, to a certain extent, to strengthening the financial standing of these banks and to achieving a 20.4 per cent capital adequacy ratio in 1992, higher than the internationally required level.

In general, the study said. Arab banks enjoy high profita-bility, exceeding 1.1 per cent when measured to assets and 7.1 per cent when measured to sharebolders' equity. In 1991, the percentages were 0.9 and 5.1 respectively.

The remarkable progress of

the Arab banking sector in 1992 was attributed by the study to an Arab economic growth of six per cent last year and as keeping a tight lid on inflation, which did not exceed 19.6 per cent.

"The economic growth bas come as a result of most Arab states' continuing a compre-bensive reform process in the economic, financial, monetary, commercial and investment structures," the study said.
It added: "What also contri-

buted to the improvement of the banking environment was the continuation of most Arab monetary authorities to read-just the banking operations through reconsideration of laws and regulations, strengthening supervision and control, encouraging mergers and providing financial support.

The study focused on the performance of the top one

bundred Arab banks (public and private), noting that they registered a 17.9 per cent growth in assets and a 16.7 per cent growth in profits last year. As sucb, the top bundred

Arab banks bad a total of \$455 billion in assets in 1992, while profits amounted to \$4.2 b Other indicators which pointed to the strong financial standings of the top banks were the following ratios: Li-

quidity: 51.5 per cent; credit extension: 64.5 per cent; capit-

extension: 64.5 per cent; capital adequacy: 11.1 per cent and profitability (top shareholders' equity): 12.5 per cent.

Of the top bundred, 37 were public sector banks which covered 60.4 per cent of the assets, 62.5 per cent of the deposits, 61.4 per cent of the credits and 54.6 per cent of the centity.

equity.

Performancewise, the 63 private banks registered better rates of financial adequacy and profitability (to equity), 11.6 per cent and 14.2 per cent per cent and 14.2 per cent respectively, compared to the public sector banks which posted a 10.7 per cent financial adequacy ratio and an 11.2 per cent profitability ratio.

Both categories of banks, which formed the top bundred Arab banks, constituted 86.5

per cent of the overall financial portfolio of the Arab banking market.

According to the union of Arab Banks, the following were the top ten Arab private banks in terms of volume of

1) Arab Bank Group

(Jordan) 2) Al Riyadh Bank (Saudi Arábia) 3) Saudi American Bank

(Saudi Arabia)
4) National Bank of Kuwait Group (Kuwait)
5) National Arab Bank

(Saudi Arabia)
6) Al Rajihi Banking for Investment (Saudi Arabia)
7) Dubai National Bank (United Arab Emirates)
8) Abu Dhabi National Bank (United Arab Emirates) 9) Gulf International Bank 10) Al Saudi Al Fransi Bank

(Saudi Arabia). The study compared between the performance of the top 50 Arab banks and the top 50 international banks and noted that the first group registered a 12.7 per cent growth in assets while the growth in assets for the second group was only 6.9 per cent.



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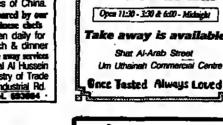
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Martial art club

to heip the blind use inner power

JAKARTA (AFP) - A club of Indonesian martial art is

introducing the use of inner

power to help blind people identify objects, the Antire

News Agency said here Sun-day. The club Merpati Puth or

White Dove, plans to set up an institute in Yogyakarta to help blind people exercise their in-

ner power to detect objects,

Antara quoted a teacher at Merpati Putih Purwoto Hadi-

purnomo as saying. Purwoto

said by learning to use their visible vibrating power, blind, people would be able to read and distinguish colours like sighted people. He showed journalists how three blind

people trained in this way could roller skate, ride a bicy-

cle and interact with moving

obstacles without collision. He

said the club had also proven

that a trained blind soccer goal

keeper could save 46 out of 50 kicks to his goal. There are about two million blind people

POTSDAM, Germany (AFP)

— The "Felix," European cinema's highest accolade, for

European Film of the Year 1993 was awarded here to Rus-

sian director Nikita Mishalkov for his film Urga. It is the first

time the European cinema

Academy Award has gone to a

director from the former-Soviet Union. It was presented by German Director Venner Herzog and Britain's Stephen

Frears at a gala evening in the Defa Studios in the Babelsberg

district of Potsdam. Urga, set in the Mongolian steppes, is about the friendship of a Mongolian herdsman and a

Russian worker and the clash

between civilisation and a way of life closer to nature. The film received a Golden Lion Award at the 1991 Venice Film

Festival, French actor Daniel

Auteuil was voted the best actor for his role in "Un Coeur

D'Hiver " directed by Claude Sautet (France), the best ac-

tress prize was awarded to Maia Morgenstern of Romania

for Balanta by Romanian

director Lucian Pintilie.

Polish violinist

scoops French

award

Jesti

in Indonesia.

Russian film

voted European

Film of the Year

## U.S. studies N. Korean response

WASHINGTON (R) — U.S. officials said Saturday they were studying North Korea's response to a U.S. proposal aimed at resolving an escalating confrontation over the Asian country's nuclear capability.

Secretary of State Warren Christopher, in Israel, was asked if the North Korean response made Friday at a meeting with U.S. officials in New York represented progress in

the dispute.
"Of course, I'm at some distance from that, but the reports I have are there are some good things in their proposal but some difficulties and it's being studied in our government as to what the next steps would be," he said. A U.S. official travelling with Mr. Christopher who declined to be identified said the

reviews. The New York Times reported in Sunday editions that U.S. officials were divided over North Korea's offer be-cause access would still be de-nied to its two most sensitive sites at Yongbyon: A nuclear reactor and a nuclear reprocessing plant that can he used to separate plutonium for a nuclear bomb.

response was getting "mixed

The Times, quoting administration officials, also said a cabinet-level meeting had been scheduled for Monday to try and prepare a response to the

The Friday meeting was requested by North Korea to give its formal response to an American proposal believed to include an offer of diplomatic recognition of Pyongyang,

trade and other measures.
The Times said administration officials declined to dis-cuss the plan but officials familiar with the proposal say it would work this way:

- Inspectors from the Vienna-hased International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) would be given unlimited access to five of seven officially disclosed nuclear installations. But these are relarively minor sites, the newspaper said.

- The international monitors would not be allowed to conduct inspections at North Korea's nuclear reactor or its nuclear reprocessing plant, but the IAEA would be allowed to replace the film and hatteries in cameras there. The agency has rejected that as insuffi-

- North Korea said it was willing to negotiate with the agency over greater access to the reactor and reprocessing site hut did not offer anything

A State Department official said North Korea's response was not a simple acceptance of the U.S. proposal and had to

"We are studying it. We worked late last night. We're working today on that, and we'll be meeting again on Monday," Robert Gallucci, assistant secretary of state for political-military affairs, said on CNN's Newsmaker

"When a conclusion is reached - and the president himself is focusing upon this we'll decide where to go in consultation with our South Korean allies, and Japan cer-tainly as well," he said.

He declined to go into de-tails of the North Korean response except to say it was complex and does refer to inspections at some nuclear faci-

Mr. Gallucci said the United

States has yet to get from North Korea its acceptance of the necessary safeguards on its nuclear programme set hy the International Atomic Energy Agency. Senator William Cohen, a

Republican from Maine, criti-;

cised North Korea. "I think we stand pretty much where we were a year ago. I think we have to look at their response with some sceptheir response with some scep-ncism. We seem to be getting some motion, but perhaps no movement at all." he said. "The clock is ticking. Time is running out, and we'd better be prepared to have a series of

event that they fail to fully comply," Sen. Cohen, a Senate Armed Services Committee member, said on the prog-

After months of negotiations. Pyongyang recently proposed its own package solu-tion under which Washington would spell out concrete eco-nomic, military and political benefits that North Korea would gain in return for compliance with the nuclear nonproliferation treaty.

Meanwhile, a South Korean news agency said Seoul will stick of its demand that North Korea should resume dialogue with the South before holding talks with Washington over its suspected development of nuclear weapons.

Yonhap said Seoul considered the North's response to a U.S. proposal aimed at resolving the row was insufficient because it failed to express willingness to reopen dialogue with the South, suspended last

The Clinton administration has offered to renew high-level talks with North Korea only after two conditions are met: The resumption of inspections of the North's suspected nuclear sites by the IAEA and the opening of talks between the two Koreas on the creation of a nuclear-free Korean peninsula.



### Astronauts end first space walk

HOUSTON, Texas (AFP) - Astronauts on the to replace a pair of faulty gyroscopes in record space shuttle Eudeavour Sunday completed their first of five space walks to repair the crippled telescope Hubble, successfully carrying out all three of their scheduled tasks. The sortie, which began at 0342 GMT and ended at 1130 GMT, lasted nearly eight hours instead of the six originally planned. An unexpected problem with closing a lateral door on the telescope caused the biggest headache for the two astronauts involved, Story Musgrave and Jeff Hoffman. They managed

time but it took them several attempts to get the five locking mechanisms to work on the door, which gave access to the gyroscopes. They also installed a new magnetometer, an instrument for measuring the Earth's magnetic field. The photograph shows astronauts Hoffman (left) and Musgrave (right) work on the aft section of the Hubble telescope as it sits in the shuttle's cargo bay (AFP

### Fate of neo-fascism hangs on Italian vote

ROME (R) — Italians voted Sunday in local elections that will decide whether neo-fascists\_stand a chance of returning to power half a century after the wartime collapse of dictator Benito Mussolini and his jackbooted black shirts.

Pólice headquarters ordered security forces out Sunday night to guard against any unrest when the outcome of the race, between the neo-fascists and the left becomes known soon after polls close at 10 p.m., (2100 GMT).

A police spokesman said Rome's old Jewish ghetto, the headquarters of political parwes and the offices of the newsapers that took sides most

**NEWS IN BRIEF** 

-AIZAWL, India (R) — India's ruling Congress Party and a

local ally won power Sunday in elections for an assembly in the far northeastern state of Mizoram. Official results showed

Congress winning 16 of the 40 assembly seats with its ally, the

regional poll in the last month has no national political

importance, but the Congress win will be another psychologic-

al boost for a party that did better than expected in most of the

others. It was the first time Mizoram, where a loog war for

independence ended only in 1986, had returned a government

to power. "With more than 80 per cent literacy in the state,

Mizos are conscientious voters and when they vote someone

back to power, the party concerned has reason to be proud," senior Congress official K.L. Rosama told Reuters. The Congress Party of Prime Minister Narasimha Rao shared out

the seats with its ally and the alliance retained most of the seats

Congress won alone in the last Mizoram elections in 1989.

VASA, Finland (AFP) — More than 1,300 passengers were

evacuated from a stricken Finnish passenger ferry Sunday,

after it ran aground overnight near this port in high winds and a snowstorm, rescuers said. The Wasa Queen beached itself on

an archipelago in winds gusting to 12 metres/second, said Ole

Krooks, spokesman for the Finnish ferry company Silia Line

which owns the vessel. He said that none of the 1,327

passengers was injured in the incident, which happened when the ship's captain was unable to control the vessel in such high

winds. The vessel ran aground about 30 minutes after leaving

port bound for the Swedish port of Umeaa, he said. The

journey across the Gulf of Bothnia usually takes four hours. A

tugboat, the Silmae, began evacuating passengers early Sunday and was later joined by a larger ferry, he said. Port

official Kari Valstroem said the evacuation, carried out using

ladders, was not a problem since a 10 centimetre (four inch)

layer of ice had formed around the vessel, preventing it from

moving. Marine experts said it should be possible to refloat the

Wasa Queen after all the passengers had been taken off. There

might be some damage, but the ship was not in danger of

WELLINGTON (AFP) - Australia planted an undercover

agent inside New Zealand Police Headquarters to obtain files

on top police officers, a television report said Sunday. Sydney based Wendy Holland, 42, who now suffers multiple sclerosis.

told the TV3's 20/20 news programme she was hired by the

Australian Security Intelligence Organisation (ASIO) when

she was 19, and was sent here as an undercover agent. Ms. Holland said her initial task was to infiltrate student groups

and report on radicals. She was instructed to get a job as a filing clerk at police national headquarters, which she man-

aged to do. Australia wanted her to copy about 50 Confiden-tial police staff files, but she believed it was a joint operation

with New Zealand's Security Intelligence Service (SIS). "I

couldn't piece together why they wanted the information," she

said. "At the time I didn't think to much about it because you

were always told to think about what to do, not think about

what the information was used for." Holland said she was given a small flat camera and with it hidden in her bra, or

strapped inside her thigh, she would take documents into the

BUJUMBURA (AFP) — Burundians Sunday were paying

their last respects to their assassinated President Melchior

Ndadaye, a month and a half after he was killed in an abortive

military coup on Oct. 21. From 8:00 a.m. the coffins

containing the remains of Mr. Ndadaye and seven other top

officials and their wives murdered during the first hours of the

coup, were lying in state in Bujumbura's Football Stadium.

There was a large security presence at the stadium, which

members of the government were due to visit during the

morning. Security will be tighter still Monday when the eight

"martyrs for democracy" are buried. The funerals were originally scheduled for Nov. 29, but were put back a week for

**Burundians pay respects to Ndadaye** 

'Australia spied on New Zealand'

sinking, they said.

toilet and photograph them.

security and organisational reasons.

1,327 evacuated from Finnish ferry

India's congress, ally win state poll

fervently in the election campaign would be kept under close surveillance.

"We will have squads of riot police ready to intervene at short nonce in case of spon-taneous demonstrations," he

Eight million Italians were able to vote to choose 129 city councils, but the eyes of the world are on Naples and

The neo-fascists MSI (Italian Social Movement) emerged as the single higgest party in both cities in a first round vote on: Nov. 21 whose shock result, opening the prospect of even deeper political instability. sent the lira into a tailspin.

Alessandra Mussolini, the fascist dictator's 30-year-old granddaughter, is seeking to become mayor of Naples. MSI leader Gianfranco Fini is standing in the capital, where his party won 36 per cent of the vote two weeks ago.

The latest opinion polls, published Friday, showed Ms. Mussolini and Mr. Fini both running behind their left-back-

Far more than a mayor's seat is at stake in Rome and in the other local polis that are a dress rehearsal for the early general elections expected in the spring of 1994.

"If I win, the whole of Italian politics will change the next day," Mr. Fini has insisted in every television de-

Mr. Fini's message has been that winning in Rome would give the MSI a chance to enter government because it would show the neo-fascists had won over a conservative electorate orphaned by the collapse of scandal-tainted mainstream

Throughout the campaign Mr. Fini, 41, has been at pains to distance the MSI from its fascist past, appealing to a "si-lent majority" of former centrist voters as the only man capable of stopping the Communists taking over Rome City Hall.

### Angolan rebels, government disagree on status of truce

LUSAKA (R) — The Angolan rebel movement UNITA insisted Sunday it had agreed a ceasefire with the government but the government in Luanda said more than two weeks of

Lusaka had not produced any agreement. The Angolan News Agency. Angop, quoted the govern-ment's chief negonator, Fausti-no Muteka, as saying: "No understanding was reached, he

talks in the Zambian capital

was speaking on arrival in Luanda from Lusaka. The agency quoted its sources in Lusaka as saying there had been "an understanding on some aspects of a ceasefire but not on the prac-

tical implications. UNITA and the government have been at war for most of the time since independence from Portugal in 1975 and the death toll in recent fighting has

been np to 1,000 a day.

In Lusaka, UNITA spokesman Jorge Valentim broke a news hlackout imposed at the talks by U.N. mediator Alioune Blondin Beye and disaccount of events.

"There is no question of doubt that there was agreement reached on the ceasefire, This happened in a full plenar session ... which was attended by observers from the United States, Portugal and Russia and Mr. Beye," he told Reuters. "Let's not be afraid of the ceasefire. Let's support it," he added.

Diplomats close to the talks said they too were puzzled by Mr. Muteka's denial of an agreement.

'I am rather surprised by what Muteka is saying. All issues pertaining to the ceasefire proper, minus the political questions which will be discussed later, were agreed upon first on Friday and then ratified on Saturday," a diplomat said.

Another source, also closely monitoring the closed-door talks, said: "It is difficult to see what can be gained when issues agreed upon are now some-Mr. Muteka is being reported correctly.

#### "There's been no softening on any point of principle," he told BBC Television.

LONDON (R) — Britain denied Sunday that Prime Minister John Major, working with Duhlin in the search for peace in Northern Ireland, was ready to drop his demand that Ire-land repeal its constitutional claim to the British-ruled pro-

The Sunday Telegraph re-ported that Mr. Major was preparing to make the key concession and thus remove a major obstacle to agreement by London and Dublin on a joint statement aimed at persuading IRA guerrillas to lay

down their arms.
Foreign Secretary Douglas
Hurd denied Britain was set to soften its long-standing demand that Dublin scrap a claim to a province Britain parti-tioned seven decades ago.

A government official was

U.K.denies softening line on N. Ireland

blunter, dismissing the report by the pro-Conservative Party newspaper as "ill-informed nonsense

Mr. Hurd said a 300-year-old union with Britain would not be broken against the will of the majority of people of Northern Ireland, where Protestants outnumber Catholics two to one.

"The principle here — and this is the key to the whole thing - is consent. What is crucial... is that both governments accept that what counts are the views of the people of Northern Ireland," Mr. Hurd

added. 'Northern Ireland is part of

the United Kingdom because most of the people who live there want it that way," he

Mr. Hurd was speaking after inconclusive talks in Dublin Friday between Mr. Major and Irish Prime Minister Albert Reynolds, who had vowed to find a formula hy Christmas to end one of the world's longestrunning guerrilla conflicts.
Ireland says it recognises

that it needs the consent of so-called Unionists in Northern Ireland's Protestant majority before the province's status can be changed.

But it wants Britain to accept the right of all Irish people to take part in referenda oo the island's future to give the overwhelmingly Catholic people in the south a say.

### Russian reformers on track for gains as historic campaign enters final phase

MOSCOW (Agencies) — The Russian Communist Party is solidly in third place behind the two top pro-market reform parties in opinion polls a week ahead of a historic ballot to elect a new parliament and

decide on a new constitution. President Boris Yeltsin called the poll as he crushed an insurrection by Communist dichards in September, in a bid to purge lingering totalitarianism and enshrine Russian

democracy in law. As the campaign entered its final stage, the last opinion polls released before the Dec. 4 deadline for publishing such surveys pointed to a comfortable margin of victory for two

top democratic parties. But virtually all surveys placed the Russian Communist Party solidly in third place, with the remainder of the projected vote on Dec. 12 scattered between various centrist, nationalist and special-interest parties.

With nearly a week remaining in what has proved a tumul-tuous, fast-shifting election campaign over the past month, pundits were reluctant to put forward detailed forecasts on the balance of power in the new legislature, the Federal Assembly.

Most agreed that the likely winners, pro-Yeltsin bloc Russia's Choice and another promarket bloc led by economist Grigori Yavlinski, would not command a controlling majority and would be forced to enlist backing from other more moderate parties.

Many analysts have also predicted that, in the absence of a tradition of party loyalty in a -multiparty system or a commanding majority in parlia-ment, the political blocs that shaped up for the campaign would quickly break down into

smaller vested-interest groups. Thirteen parties with programmes ranging from ultra-nationalist to hardline Communist are taking part in the race and each has been given at least some free access to national television to get their message across to voters.

The limitations of this media access were made starkly clear by Mr. Yeltsin last month when, reacting to what he viewed as negative campaigning, he summoned party leaders to the Kremlin and warned he might cut off their TV time if they continued to criticise him or the draft constitution.

In a vast country spanning eleven time zones, televisioo has played a key role.

PARIS (AFP) — A 19-year-old Polish violinist won the 1993 24th International Marguerite Long-Jacques Thiband, Competition ahead of Australian and Chinese musician The jury, chaired by master violinist Yehudi Menuhin, awarded the 150,000 franc (\$25,000) first prize to Bartolomiej Niziol, after hearing recit-als from 37 violinists from 16 countries. The Pole also won the chance to play at five public concerts and cut a record. Second place was awarded to Australian Adele Authony, 23, who won 60,000 francs, and third prize of 40,000 francs went to Yuang-Ging Yn, 23, of

#### **Hong Kong wins** 8 awards in film festival

TAIPEI (AP) — Hong Kong captured eight awards and Taiwan won nine Saturday in the 1993 Golden Horse Film Festival. Jackie Chan of Hong Kong won the Best Actor Award for his role in Crime Story and Ng Kar Lai of Hong kong won the Best Actress Award for her role in Remains Of A Woman. The Wedding Banquet, a Taiwanese movie about a homosexual man's marriage with a woman, won five awards, including Best Film, Best Director and Best Screenplay writer Ang Lee, Best Supporting Actor Lang Hsiung, and Best Supporting Actress Gua Ah-Leh. The annual film festival is regarded as the equivalent of the Academy Awards for Chinese-language films outside mainland China.

#### Students arrested after egg hurling protest LIVERPOOL, England (R) -

University students hurled eggs at a British cabinet minister during a noisy protest against the Conservative government's plans to curb student grants. Two students were arrested after about 90 stadents staged the protest at Liverpool University in northwest England against Michael Portillo, chief secretary to the treasury, as he arrived to open a new university building, police said. "Mr. Portillo decided to talk to the students. As he approached, several eggs were thrown at him."
police said. Wimesses said one egg struck him on the back. The two students, a man and a woman, were charged with disturbing public order and were given a January court date.

### Australian minister in Malaysia to talk trade despite row

KUALA LUMPUR (R) — Australian Trade Minister Peter Cook flew in Sunday for a regional business meeting in Malaysia saying he planned to deliver a speech on enhancing trade ties despite an escalating row hetween the two coun-He declined to say if he had

any message for Malaysian Prime Minister Mahathir Mohammad, who will open the conference later Sunday.

Mr. Cook is scheduled to present a paper Monday at the

conference, which has been organised by a son of Mr. Mahathir. The first Australian minister to visit since the row hroke out when Australian leader Paul Keating called Mr. Mahathir a-

recalcitrant, Mr. Cook was be-

sieged by reporters when he

arrived at Kuala Lumpur International Airport. "I am here at the invitation of the private sector in Malaysia for a trade conference," he said. They have asked me to entitle my speech 'Collaborating for success,' and I intend to make a speech tomorrow which would set the right mood for the trade rela-

tions to be enhanced from this point on. Asked if he had any message to give the Malaysian leader, Mr. Cook replied: "I think the seating arrangement is (for us 'to sit) on the same table, let's

see how it goes."
"The prime minister (Keating) appeared on the Sunday programme (on Australian Television) this morning and I think he said all that needs to be said about this," Mr. Cook

Mr. Keating said in the tele-vision interview, recorded Saturday, that he had done enough to heal the row and it was now up to Malaysia to show it wanted to get relations

back on track.
Malaysia's Foreign Minister Abdullah Ahmad Badawi said Saturday that Mr. Keating's letter to Mr. Mahathir explaining the circumstances that led to his recalcitrant remark did not show any sign of repentance or regret and had worsened the situation.

Asked how he could talk about enhancing trade as diplomatic ties were being threatened by the row, Mr. Cook said: "They have invited me to come and deliver a speech... They have asked me (to talk about) how to increase the trade flows in the region and that is what I am going to' respond to."

On whether Australia would take any new measures to mend fences, he said: "We have taken some steps. If you see what the prime minister said this morning, that does distinctively rule off the whole

The important thing now is to get that behind us and to get on with the job of doing what we do best, and that is working with one another," he added. Malaysia has warned of

further action when the cabinet meets Wednesday. The In-: formation Ministry has hanned the airing of Australian Television programmes and other government agencies have said they would review husiness ties with their Australian counterparts.

Asked if he would pick up the telephone and speak personally to Mr. Mahathir to patch the rift. Mr. Keating said: "I don't think so. I think I've said what I've wanted to say." "I think what I've done is

very reasonable," Mr. Keating said. "That is I've written to him putning (the remark) into some son of context..." The text of the letter has not been released.

"I have made it quite clear I represent Australia's national interests, we have interests,

Mr. Keating said. "It's an honest, frank letter hut the one clear message is that what I said was not calculated to offend him, and that's true, so therefore no offence was intended and I hope that he accepts, therefore, that none was taken," Mr. Keating

"If my remarks were not intended to offend and he has taken offence at it, well naturally one would regret that.

Asked if he regretted using the word "recalcitrant" to de-scribed Mr. Mahathir, Mr. Kearing said: "Dr. Mahathir said that morning that he thought the hest policy, to use his words, was to thumb his nose at people to be noticed. "The word 'recalcitrant' was sort of a shorthand way of talking about the odd person

out, or odd people out. "But look, we want to put a line under the relationship and get on with it." Mr. Keating noted that Mr. Cook and Defence Minister

Robert Ray would be in Malaysia this week for previously planned visits to promote trade and cooperation. "I mean it's very tangible evidence on our part we want to keep the relationship going and on a good footing," he

Asked if the rift would hurt Australia's attempts to integrate into Asia. Mr. Keating said: "I don't think it does." Mr. Keating said Australia has had spats with Malaysia before - 'or more particularly Malaysia has had spats with

He said he had a good relationship with other leaders in the region, including President Suharto of Indonesia and Prime Minister Goh Chok Tong of Singapore.
"I would like such a rela-

tionship with Prime Minister Mahathir hut he's got to want it too." Mr. Keating said. "Malaysia's got to want to have a relanonship with Australia of the kind Australia is

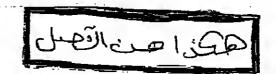
prepared to have with it." Keating said Australia would not like to become involved in a tit-to-tat exchange with Malaysia. The two countries had two way trade of about \$1.6 hillion in the year to June. He also played down sugges-

tions Australia would consider downgrading its role in the Five Power Defence Arrangements (FPDA), a key regional defence grouping involving Australia, New Zealand, Britain. Singapore and Malaysia. The main purpose of the FPDA is the defence of Singapore and Malaysia.

Defence agreements are fairly solumn things," he said. And of course they exist because countries regard each others' sovereignty important enough to defend, and that means keeping core rela-

tionships going. he said. "Now I think everybody in that arrangement, including Malaysia, understands the importance of keeping the relationship going. Australia certainly does.'





### AlWihdat stays at top of Jordan soccer standings Stich steers Germany to Davis

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Former champions Al Wihdat and Al Ramtha Monday take on two ambitious teams, Al Fuheis and Al Arabi, as soccer's first division championship enters its eighth week.

Al Windat again topped the standings for now, however the Jordan Soccer Federation (JSF) might decide Monday to alter their wins over Al Bagaa. Sahab and Al Jazire as it was revealed that a Wihdat player. who had recieved 4 bookings had played in these matches. If this turns out to be true. Al Wihdat will lose their top standing and drop out of the

In the past week, Al Arahi managed a 1-1 draw with Al Qadissieh and retained their spot among the top-five teams, while newcomers Al Fuheis remained in 6th place after losing to Sahab.

Al Qadissieh's goal was the

fastest one this week as Mustafa Adam netted in a header in the 2nd minute of the first half.

Al Arabi snatched the win away from their opponents when striker Ayman Al Omari scored the precious equaliser from a header three minutes before the end of the match.

Al Hussein and Al Baqaa played to a goalless draw in a match which saw wasted . chances for both teams.

Al Baqaa, who are now in last place, missed a definite scoring chance when their shot hit the post. A win could have considerably advanced their standing to 7th.
Titleholders Al Faisali re-

mained in second place after they managed a 2-1 win over 10th placed Al Jazireh. Jamai Abu Abed scored Al Faisali's first goal from a powerful shot in the 43rd minute but Al Jazireh's key striker Tawfiq Al Saheh equalised

Khaled Awad scored Al

from a penalty kick in the 52nd

Faisali's winning goal in the 76th minute. Al Faisali will next face Al Baqaa Tuesday. Al Wihdat scored a crucial

1-0 win over Al Ramtha as ·Firas Fawzi took advantage of a defensive error to score an easy goal for his team.
Al Ahli continued their im-

pressive results and advanced to fourth place after a convincing 3-1 win over Al Yarmouk. Imad Fataftah opened scoring in the 17th minute, and his brother Khalil netted in the

second goal in the 31st minute. Khalil Fataftah secured his team's big win when he scored the third goal in the 59th mi-

Yarmouk's only goal came from striker Khaled Yousef in the 84th minute.

Earlier in the week, Sahab scored their first win after defeating Fubeis 2-0. Striker Mohammand Al Asbbab scored both goals in the 20th and 25th minutes.

#### STANDINGS AFTER 7TH WEEK

SIAND	1146	70						•
Team	P	W	GD D	Ĺ	<b>GF</b>	GÁ	Pts	
Al Widhat	7	5	1 —	1	10	2	16	
Al Faisali	6	4	1 1	_	10	3	15	
Al Hussein	7	3	2 1	1	7	3	13	
Al Abii	7	3	<b>— 2</b>	2	11	7.	13	
-Al Arabi	7	3	<b>— 2</b>	2	10	11	13	
Al Qadissieh	7	1 ·	2 2	2	4	5	9	
Al Fuheis	6	2	<b>— 1</b>	3	5	10	8	
Al Ramba	3	2	<b>-</b> -	1	4	1	6	
Al Yarmouk	5	2	<b>–</b> –	3	6	7	6	
Al Jazireh	6.	_	<b>—</b> 3	3	6	11	6	
Sahab	7	1	1 —	5	6	10	4	
Al Banas	6	1	1	4	2	8	4	

### Palestinians get ready for Lillehammer,

LAUSANNE (AFP) -Palestinians are set to top the agenda when the International Olympic Committee meets here this week.

The Palestinian Olympie Committee is expected to hrief the IOC Executive Committee on its work and its plan to send a delegation of observers to the Winter Olympics in Lillehammer in February.

The Palestinians, who joined the Olympic movement last September during the IOC ses-

sion in Monaco, are determined to be represented at Lillehammer, even if their presence is only symbolic.

Also on the agenda are progress reports from future Olympic host cities - Lillehammer, Atlanta, Nagano (winter 1998)

and Sydney.

Delegates will also look at the Sports Arbitration tribunal (TAS), and how it can be strengthened, and changes in the Olympic Solidarity Fund, which helps finance sports de-

elopment in poor countries. The authority of the Swiss-based TAS is increasingly being called into question by athletes - such as American Harry "Butch" Reynolds and Germany's Katrin Krahbe who contest sports federation decisions in civil courts.

IOC and federation officials currently see this trend as one of their biggest headaches. As for the solidarity fund, there have been ealls for

is allocated - to reflect both the geopolitical changes in Europe and the increasing difficulties faced by African coun-

IOC President Juan Antonio Samaranch has said at recent meetings in Duhlin, with the European Olympic Committees, and in Harare, with the African committees. that Olympic funding would be in-

### Man. United setback Ferguson laughs off

ter United's lead at the head of the English premiership may bave been cut to 12 points after their 2-2 draw against Norwich, but manager Alex Ferguson is unworried. "I think I'll still sleep at

night," he quipped after seeing his side drop two bome points for the second consecutive

"Norwich played very well in the first half and we were lucky to come in 2-1 ahead, but in the second half we unlucky\_ not to snatch it.

"Our problem was we didn't enjoy our leads long enough to force them out into the open. If we'd kept it nice and tidy for the first 10 minutes of the second balf, we could have won it quite comfortably."

His main concern now is to negotiate a tough programme over the Christmas and New Year holiday.

"If we come out of that still with a bealthy lead, then time's running out for the others," he

The result was a hig lift for Norwich in the build-up to next Wednesday's UEFA Cup third round second leg tie in Milan, where they trail 1-0 to Inter. "I don't think it will be any

more daunting or intimidating than coming here," said Nor-wich manager Mike Walker. "I was delighted with our performance and that will give us a boost for next week.

"It was a fair result, but we played really well in the first half hour and were disappointed that we weren't 2-0 up at that stage. United. though, have too many good

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

The bidding has proceeded:
North East Sooth West
3 \* Dbl ?

Q.2—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:
•K7652 V8 <-98643 •72

Partner opens the bidding with one heart. What do you respond?

Q.3—Nerther vulnerable, as South

you hold:

♦Q95 ∇AK6 074 ♦Q10954

The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West

1 ∇ Pass 2 ♣ Pass

2 ↑ Pass ?

Q.4 -- Neither vulnerable, as South

What do you bid now?

3 ★ Dbl ? What action do you take?

players to try to keep qmet." kinson refused to discuss the title race, even though it was his side who trimmed United's advantage with their 3-2 home win over Manchester City.

He said: "I'm not interested in Manchester United and gaining or losing points on them at this stage. It really doesn't concern me."

Brian Deane's winner with five minutes left Leeds unbeaten in 13 premiership matches, hut Wilkinson described his team's display as "a Jekyll and Hyde perform-

centration and suddenly it was

Arsenal manager George Graham was also critical of his

Coventry City. Graham said: "Coventry deserved it. There's no question about that. But it's very unusual to see a team with more desire than us. We have no complaints. The better team

"I was very disappointed at our performance. David Seaman had to make too many ontstanding saves, which is an

Newcastle capitalised on Arsenal's slip-up to jump into third with a 2-1 win at Tottenham, who were downed by a double from Peter Beardsley.

Leeds manager Howard Wilinternational recall by Newcas-

He reasoned: "Yon can't give away goals like that. I said at balf time that if the players didn't make silly errors, the game was all over. But we dropped our guard, lost con-

team after their 1-0 defeat at

indication of how poorly we played.'

The 32-year-old striker, who

**GOREN BRIDGE** 

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1—East-West vulnerable, as South you hold:

\$\prec{4\text{K1065}}{\prec{7\text{C}}{\prec}

has been stuck on 49 England caps since Graham Taylor edged him out of the side, was promptly recommended for an

tle manager Kevin Keegan. "I think Peter is certain to be the first name on the next England manager's team sheet," said Keegan.

"For nearly four years he's been ignored by England. That has been a terrible waste and a crime. Peter's work rate, stamina and enthusiasm never waver and if young players cannot learn from him, they must be thick."

Tottenham manager Ossie Ardiles joined in the praise for player who arrived at St James' Park after the Argentinian .had been replaced by

"It was a very good goal from an outstanding player," he said. "I don't know if Peter is getting any better hut he is certainly not getting any

There was a similar double tribute for West Ham striker Lee Chapman after his hrace of goals earned the Hammers' 2-1 win at Wimhledon. West Ham manager Billy

Bonds said: "They were two good goals. He showd a lot of

patience with the second. He's a fit lad and give us something a hit different, a hig

Wimhledon boss Joe Kinnear added: "He's always been a bogey to us. The next team he moves to, we're going to kidnap him the night before the match."

Liverpool could have done with their top striker, Ian Rush, against Sheffield Wednesday, but Graeme Souness axed him and then saw his side crash 3-1.

Souness said: "I spoke to Rush before the decision. He's played in every game this sea-son, but he's jaded and he needed a rest.

We made things easy for Wednesday in the game because of the way we defended and that's what upset me the most."

Wednesday boss, Trevor Francis commented: "I was surprised Rush was out, but his manager knows his form. I just wish he'd taken Fowler out of it too. His goal was a bit

There was better luck for Liverpool's neighbours, Everton. They triumphed 1-0 over Southampton to add to Saints'

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# Cup triumph against Australia

(Agencies) - Former Wimble-don champion Michael Stich capped a year of outstanding achievement when the secured Germany's victory over Australia in the Davis Cup final in

hrilliant style Sunday. Two weeks after he won the World Championship title and rose to number two in the world, Stich pulled out some brilliant shots from his repertoire to beat Richard Fromberg 6-4 6-2 6-2 to give the Germans an unbeatable 3-1

lead in the best-of-five final. The Germans, a minor tennis power just 10 years ago, have now won the most prestigious event in men's team tennis three times in the last six

More importantly this year's trimph came without the services of Boris Becker who opted out of the event to concentrate on improving his

world ranking.

Becker inspired Germany to their first two victories in 1988 and 1989.

But Sunday's triumph was masterminded by Stich who had an outstanding weekend. He both his singles matches as well a teaming up with Patrik Kuehnen to clinch Saturday's doubles against Wimbledon champions Mark Woodforde

and Todd Woodbridge.
Fittingly Stich, 25, who has been overshadowed by Becker so often, capped the trimph with a dominant performance on the clay court a prior From on the clay court against Fromberg that sometime defied belief in view of his hard year.

Becker will always be the king of German tennis in the public's mind because he was the first German to win Wimbledon and clinch the Davis Cup for the country.

Bnt Stich, who did not play a part in the previous finals, stepped up onto his pedestal as a German tennis hero with

Sunday's performance. He may not have Becker's charisma but be can match his compatriot with skill and determination.

"It was not so difficult to-day," Stich said. "But I played very very well."

"I think maybe Richard

(Fromberg) was a bit tired from his long match on Friday. German captain Niki Pilic added: "Stich played like a world champion today. We

needed luck but the team showed that they could take the pressure. Stich made his 100-minute victory over Fromberg look like child's play in comparison

to the drama of the first two

days of the tie. The 1991 Wimhledon cham-pion had needed nearly threeand-a-half hours and five sets to beat Jason Stoltenberg in Friday's opening match before Fromberg levelled to 1-1 in a best ever Davis Cup com-

The seeds were sown for Germany's victory when Stich and his partner Patrik Kuchnen won the doubles to take a 2-1 lead into the final

Scenes of delighted pandi-monium followed Stich's 1hr 40min win inside the Dusseldorf Trade Centre complex.

He disappeared into the arms of Pilic over the net and team-mates Patrik Kuhnen, Carl-Uwe Steeh and Marc Goellner rushed to join them on the red clay court huilt specially for the event.

The result was a bitter disappointment for Australia's experienced captain Neale Fraser who had been hoping that Stich, playing in all of the matches, would be jaded in his final clash.

Australia had been bidding to notch up their country's 27th win in the competition which



Germany's Michael Stick bends to reach a ball during the first single, match of the Davis Cup final against Australia's Jason Stottenberg in Frankfurt (AFP photo)

was launched 93 years ago in Boston when the United States

whitewashed Britain. Stich, who hecame world number-two after winning the ATP Championships in Frank-furt last month, played superbly and never gave Australia's top clay-court player any

chance to manoeuvre. The 6ft 3in Fromberg started well enough, producing some big kicking serves and some

sharp volleys. But he was clearly unsettled hy two decisions in the fifth game when he was ordered to replay two points hecause of

unsighted linesmen. He lost concentration, dropped serve, and never looked likely to hreak back.

Stich completed the 37-minute first set with a flurry of service winners and when they changed round he had dropped only three points on serve and had rattled off three service games to love.

Worse was to follow for the 23-year-old Tasmanian, who came under immediate pressure at the start of the second set as the lanky 25-year-old 34

German moved into overdrive: "The 1991 Wimbledon champion. cheered on hy Mexican waves, stamping feet and deafening applause, surged 2:0: clear and his only moment of vulnerability appeared in the fourth game when Fromberg managed to earn two hreak

points. But Stich, unwilling to give anything away, slammed the door closed with two aces.

He raced on, hreaking the demoralised Australian for the third time in the match to go 5-2 clear, and hy the third set! he was playing an exhibition

Fromberg again dropped his opening service game and it was clearly just a matter of time before Stich would put his. opponent out of his misery.

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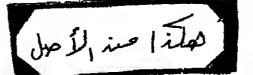
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## Yemeni president accepts Beedh's terms to end rift

Cr ABU DHABI (Agencies) — as Yemem President Ali Abdulsp lah Saleh said in remarks published here on Sunday he would accept conditions set by th his rivals in the south to end the country's political crisis.
"I announce for the first

re time that I unilaterally accept the 18 points presented by the os Yemeni Socialist Party it (YSP)," Mr. Saleh told the er United Arab Emirates (UAE) ste daily Al Khaleej.
His comments coincided

with a report by the UAE newspaper Al Ittihad that he re would meet Vice-President Ali re Salem Al Beedh in Amman soon to resolve their dispute, which has threatened the country's fragile unity. Mr. Saleh said Mr. Beedh,

who leads the YSP, and all other YSP leaders "should pow sit at the negotiating table with their partners in the Yemeni coalition to work out a se mechanism and timetable" for implementing reforms. He added that such talks would be "the ideal solution to the

. The semi-official Al Ittihad said King Hussein was in-volved in mediation efforts and expected Mr. Saleh and Mr. Beedh to meet in Amman.

"There is a strong possibility that the differences between the two sides will be solved following meetings between Jordanian officials and Yemeni leaders," it quoted a govern-ment official in Amman as saying.



Ali Abdullah Saleh

Al Khaleej quoted a spokes-man for Mr. Beedh as saying the vice president, who has refused to quit Aden in the south since Aug. 19, was ready to end his boycott of the au-thorities in Sanaa if Mr. Saleh agreed to withdraw troops from major cities, step up mea-sures to stabilise Yemen and decentralise the government.

The demands were among 18 points which Mr. Beedh presented to Mr. Saleh's General People's Congress (GPC) to defuse the crisis, by differences over the implementation of unifica-

Asked if he was ready to go to Aden, Mr. Saleh said, "this could happen after Beedh takes the oath before parlia-

Mr. Beedh has refused to

### Estonian leader ends visit AMMAN (Perra) — President

of Estonia Lennart Meri and his wife left Amman for home Sunday and were seen off at the airport by their Majesties King Hussein and Queen

President Meri was accorded full farewell honours upon departure after talks with King Hussein on ways to bolster bilateral ties and regional as well as international affairs.

Seeing off the president and his entourage, which grouped a large trade delegation, were also His Highness Prince Ghazi Ben Mohammad and Her Royal Highness Princess Ghida Talal, Upper House Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, other officials and members of diplomatic corps in Amman.



Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor Sunday hid farewell tn Estnnian President Lannert Meri and his wife (Petra phnto)

### Youth sentenced to death for killing 9-year-old

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — A 20-year-old youth has been sentenced to death after he was convicted of premeditated murder of his nine-year-old cousin in an incident that sent shockwaves through Amman early this year, informed sources said

Sunday. Police spokesmen confirmed that a death sentence was handed down to the yonth, identified only as Y.K.J. after an Amman court found him guilty of first-degree murder.

But the spokesmen de-clined to elaborate, pointing out that the sentence was subject to a mandatory review and details of the affair could be revealed only after the sentence was either commuted or carried out.

The case drew particular attention because of the age of the victim and unfounded rumours that "childkillers"

were on the prowl. But, as the court found, a family dispute, the nature of which was not clear, was be-

hind the savage killing a few days before the 'Eid Al Adha feast. .. \_ .-According to the sources.

the main evidence in the case was a confession by the youth that he had lured his uncle's son, Mohannad, to an isolated spot on the evening of May 25, and killed him by smashing his head with a

There was no immediate confirmation of earlier reports that the boy was sodomised before his death.

Police officials said at the time of the discovery of the body said that there was enough ground to believe that the boy was sexually molested before his death. Detailed findings of the court were not available.

The sentence was passed Thursday, after nearly two

months of hearings.
The mangled, bloodstained body of the boy, a fourth grader at Emir Faisal School in Russeifa in the northeast outskirts of Amman, was found buried under a pile of rocks between two tombs in the Schneller refugee camp cemetery on May 29, three days after the family notified

while running an errand in the market. "The boy's face and head was smashed out of shape," according to a resident who saw the body before it was taken away by the author-

that Mohannad was missing

The boy was half-naked and signs indicated tht he was dragged to his grave from about 100 metres outside the

cemetery. An empty can of beer was also found nearby, hut, according to residents in the area, the suspected youth, who was arrested two days after the body was found, had

**NEWS IN BRIEF** 

no record of drinking. The youth was reported to have confessed during ques-

According to the sources, the youth used to work with Mohannad's father, a construction worker, before fallmg out with him, triggering a family dispute. He was reported to have admitted in his confession that the killing of the boy was his way of

excting revenge.

Defence witnesses in the case included several cousins and relatives who testified that the youth was at a construction site at around the same time that forensic experts established as time of death, but their testimonies

did not stand up in court.

None of the family members or relatives, who live close to each other in Russeifa, would comment on the case, indicating that tension and bostilities among some of its members ran high after

groups. Dr. Baz told the weekly

#### **Clinton gets** steamed when staff in disorganised.

NEW YORK (R) - President Bill Clinton says he occasionally loses his temper when his staff is disorganised but adds that the trick to living in Washing-ton is not to take criticism personally. "I don't think I should ever lose my temper but when I do it's because of some process screw-np," he told Time magazine in an interview in the upcoming edition to appear on newsstands Mon-day. He added: "If there's something wrong with the way we're organised or something that keeps us from doing (our best), that's what drives me nuts." Mr. Clinton said he urged his aides to never permit the crincism of others to diminish "our self-image." stated: "I think the trick (to) being in public life in this day and age, when there is always going to be a lot of clamour and criticism, is to be able to take all this criticism seriously, but not personally." Asked to comment on teenage pregnancies. Mr. Clinton said that he wanted to tell unmarried teenagers that it was wrong to have unwanted children. ought to say that this would be a lot better if bahies were born to intact families," be noted. However, he said he did not want to see society send the message that it was better for pregnant women to have an abortion than to have the

#### Married Anglican clergy to enter Catholic Church

VATICAN CITY (AP) -- About 200 Anglican clergy, in-cluding married priests, who oppose their church's decision to allow the ordination of women are to be admitted into the Roman Catholic Church. the Vatican agreed Saturday. A meeting of bishops here approved a statement setting out five guidelines for the gra-dual conversion of Church of England clergy to Catholicism. About half of the 200 clergy are married and will be allowed to remain so, although they will be integrated into the Roman Catholic Church and will have to abide by its rules A delegation from England and Wales, led by the head of the Roman Catholic Church in Britain, Cardinal George Basil Hume, held two days of talks with other Catholic leaders to hammer out the agreement. Vatican spokesman Joaquin Navarro Valls said: "The decisions which have just been taken will not hamper ecumenical dialogue." The statement highlighted there had been no discussion about the Catholic Church's vow of celibacy for priests, even though married Anglican priests will be able to remain priests and married after converting. Card. Navarro Valls said that the Anglican Church's synod decision in November 1992 to allow the ordination of women, was not the only reason why the clergy, including one bishop, had de-cided to quit. But 'it was the

#### back," he added. Cicciolina backs Mussolini

straw which broke the camel's

ROME (AFP) - Former porn star and deputy Cicciolina gave the thumbs up to fascist dicta-tor Benito Mussolini's granddaughter Alessandra standing in mayoral elections in an interview published here Saturday. Alessandra Mussolini, she told the Italian press agency AGI, is "beautiful, intelligent and cute." Ms. Mussolini, a former model, is standing for the neo-fascist Italian Social Movement (MSI) in a run-off poll Sunday for the mayoralty of the southern city of Naples.

#### Stolen Khmer statue returned to Cambodia

PARIS (AFP) - A 12th century statuette stolen from Cambodia in the 1980s and later hought by a French art gallery was returned to the son of King Norodom Sihanouk at a special ceremony here. The 50-centimetre (20-inch) bust of a woman was bought in South East Asia by the Beurdelev Gallery and then sold in France to a foreign collector. But during customs formalizing 1982, the curator of the Guinet Museum Albert Le Bonheur recognised the statue Museum. He alerted the gallery, which immediately re-funded the foreign huyer, It was agreed to keep the statue in Paris until relations with Cambodia had stabilised

### Tough ride seen for Cabinet in Parliament

(Continued from page 1)

res

While other deputies endorsed the peace negotiations with Israel on the condition that they produce a just and comprehensive settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict, Mr. Riati, whose party rejects the peace process on ideological grounds, said the negotiations can only "lead to legitimising the (Israeli) occupation."

'Mr. Riati's rejection of the peace negotiations with Israel was echoed by Deputy Hammam Said (Amman, Fifth District), who said the peace talks with Israel conflict with the

teachings of Islam. Dr. Said said that nobody has the right to give away any parts of Palestine because it belongs to the whole Muslim

aation. Dr. Said, described as a bawkish member of the IAF, rejected the Kingdom's 1989 decision to sever legal and administrative ties with the West Bank because, be said, the Constitution prohibits relinquishing sovereignty over any part of the Jordanian terri-

The government relinquished this sovereignty when it signed the agenda (for peace talks) with Israel on Sept. 14," said Mr. Said, who withheld confidence from the government because, among other things, "it assassinated the free and honest will of the nation with its will which is not free

and not honest." Words of praise for the gov--crament were also heard during the session from deputies who hailed the fairness of the election and voiced acceptance of its domestic and foreign

elections were another achievement of the country which will win it more respect," said Deputy Mifteh Al Lawzi (Amman, Fifth Dis-

trict). Mr. Lawzi said the government policy statement reflects orientations that aim at consolidating the democratic process and ensuring the stability of the country, adding that he supported the government's

studied the Speech from the considered as its policy statement, we found that it constitutes a truthful and good beginning to a responsible political orientation" said Deputy Fawzi Al Zon'bi (Ramtha).

Congratulating the government on the confidence of the

"The latest parliamentary

"Our confidence that this government will abide by the basic principles of the nation and the higher values that prevail in our country make us give it confidence with no reluctance," said Mr. Lawzi.

When we listened to and Throne which the government

King, Deputy Nawaf Al Qadi

(northern Bedouins) praised the abilities of members of the Cabinet and said it deserves a

Ali Salem Al Beedh

dent in Sanaa.

take up his duties as vice presi-

'The Yemen Socialist Party leadership must sit with their

coalition partners round the

negotiating table and work out

a time frame for what they have agreed," Mr. Saleh

The crisis, accompanied by

reports of illicit troop move-

ment and arms smuggling and

by gun attacks on members of

Mr. Beedh's family, raised

fears abroad that the union

between North Yemen and

South Yemen was in danger.

the YSP on Yemen's five-man

ruling council have said their

party is ready for a federation

of the country's two halves, hnt

the GPC says a retreat from

full unity is unacceptable to

Southerners representing

Mr. Majali praised the achievements of the government in boding the elections the Arab position and supports institutions in their choices that

### Lawmakers fail to impress (Continued from page 1)

Shahnaz Horani said that agreeing with the government or opposing it is part of democracy, "but one should avoid personal slander and not be

tribes, said that although the

vote of confidence. Leader of the 18-member

government.

serious pursuit for achieving a that would safeguards the inwill gain them their right to self determination."

sume its debate Monday, with 62 more deputies expected to take the floor before the government responds to the speeches of the deputies and votes are cast.

aggressive.'

and Prime Ministry affairs, said: "Parliament is no place to belittle people and one should criticise policies and not indi-

hasty in judging people."

Falah Dahabsheh, a spokesman for the Bani Shakhr

on time, beginning the decen-tralisation programme, reduc-ing the foreign debt, and "the comprehensive and just peace terests of Jordan, complements the Palestinian people and its

Anani, minister of information deputies were outspoken in addressing a number of issues, "the make-np of the previous Parliament was much stronger and political trends were more visible then."

viduals as such."

National Action Front (NAF) Abdul Hadi Al Majali lauded the policy statement of the government, describing it as comprehensive and descriptive of the achievements of the

The Lower House will re-

## <u>So</u>mali dialogue

ADDIS ABABA (Agencies) Informal talks on Somalia stalled Saturday despite efforts by Ethiopia's president to get 12 Somali factions to work with their rival, warlord Mobam-mad Farrah Aideed.

"There is a halt in the talks for the time being," said Col-onel Abdi Warsama Isak, leader of one of the 12 factions opposed to General Aideed. However, Col. Warsama

said be expected "a break-through in the next three or four days," perhaps after fac-tion leaders meet face-to-face Col. Warsama spoke after faction leaders met for two hours with Ethiopian Pres-

ident Meles Zenawi. The factions have rejected two of Mr. Meles' principal suggestions. The Ethiopian leader has proposed that the factions agree to another conference on reconciliation within Somalia, and appeal for the release of Gen. Aideed's aides detained by U.N. peacekeepers there.

### Prince Abdullah in N. Korea

### TOKYO (AFP) - Prince Abdullah Ben Hussein has arrived in North Korea, the Korean News Agency (KCNA)

patch monitored here Sunday. A reception was given by the ministry of people's armed forces for the Prince who arrived in Pyongyang on Saturday, KCNA said. Prior to the reception. the chief of the general staff of the North Korean People's Army General Choe Kwang. met with Prince Abdullah, KCNA said, without elaborating.

### Israel wants multilateral body

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres proposed Sunday to set up a permanent secretariat to coordinate the multilateral track of the Middle East peace talks. The secretariat, 10 be sited in the Middle East, would oversee all projects for regional cooperation put to the five multilateral committees, the foreign ministry announced. Mr. Peres made the proposal to U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher during talks Sunday morning and he voiced support for the idea.

### Cairo ready for dialogue

CA1RO (AFP) — The Egyptian government is prepared to talk to Muslim fundamentalists opposed to violence, presidential adviser Osama Al Baz said in an interview published Sunday. Any fundamentalist group which

### islamists win Gaza elections

Rose Al Yousef.

accepts the constitution, pledges to abide by the

law and does not resort to violence to settle

differences is eligible to participate in the national dialogue," which would involve va-

GAZA (R) — An Islamic bloc opposed to the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) peace accord Saturday swept all nine seats in student council elections at the Islamic University in the occupied Gaza Strip, university officials said. The bloc, which supports the Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas, won 81 per cent of ballots cast by 2,091 male students, the officials said. Women students were to vote Sunday. The winning bloc called itself the Imad Agel list, named after the Hamas leader killed by Israeli troops on Nov. 24. The Fatch bloc won 10.6 per cent of the vote, the Islamic Jihad which opposes the agreement won 6 per cent and leftist radicals won 2.4 per cent.

### Rabin wants to visit Japan

TOKYO (AFP) - Israeli Premier Yitzhak Rahin said in an interview published here Sunday that he wanted to visit Japan in April when Israel completes its withdrawal of troops from the Gaza Strip and Jericho. Mr. Rahin made the remarks in an interview Saturday with Japan's Nihon Keizai Shimbun newspaper.

## contains internal crisis, but critics doubt his intentions

BY CONCEDING to some of the reformist demands of his colleagues, Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat has successfully contained a serious political crisis prior to his crucial meeting with U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher in Amman

But the power struggle, which has been intensified since the signing of the Oslo accord between Israel and the PLO in Washington on Sept. 13, is expected to continue as Mr. Arafat has practically retained his control over the decision-making process in the leadership.

Critics and supporters of Mr. Arafat's leadership style agree that although he has accepted four key demands, none of the decisions could practically end his monopoly

over negetiations with Israel. "He was composed and accepted the demands as if they were his own," com-mented one senior PLO official in Tunis. "We are not sure whether it is a tactic to contain the mounting criticism or a genuine shift."

The four key demands that Mr. Arafat accepted during a PLO Executive Committee meeting in Tunis were the following:

— Setting up a higher committee to supervise the negotiations with Israel

— Discussing a legal draft as a basis for the structure of the Palestinian authority. Accepting the principle of selecting and appointing members of the negotiating teams and a suggested Palestinian National Author-

ity (PNA) on the basis of

political and professional ex-

pertise rather than personal -That any binding resolution should be approved by a a majority of the PLO Executive Committee rather than informal decisions reached in the presence of Palestinian personalities and officials present as members of "the

Palestinian leadership. The fourth demand was triggered by Mr. Arafat's repeated successful tactic of calling for broad meetings described as leadership meetings to avoid alliances against him in the PLO Executive Committee and sometimes to even bypass the need to secure a quorum, especially when disgruntled members

boycott the sessions. Mr. Arafat was about to succeed in pulling the same trick last week when he tried to marginalise four PLO Ex-ecutive Committee members who boycotted the sessions by inviting a "leadership" meetings that included nine representatives from the Israeli-occupied territories. But the four, particularly Mahmond Abbas, who

Randa Kawar, wife of Salt

Deputy Samir Kawar, said she

was attending the sessions to

"see how people react to what is happening in the country and

get a feel of the pulse of the country, but in 1989, the ses-

sions were more personally

signed the Washington accord, were firm in their refusal to attend until the session was "a proper and official PLO Executive Committee meeting."
Insiders say Mr. Arafat, by

inviting personalities from the territories and by initially ignoring his colleagues' demands, was sending a clear message to critics that the situation had changed and he could rely on support from his loyalists in the Israelioccupied territories - who are bound to gain a bigger role once Palestinian self-rule

takes effect. But Mr. Arafat backed down, partly to contain a bigger crisis and partly because he was aware that he could still keep the upper hand inside the organisation. As a result of the bickering in Tunis last week, however,

the PLO Executive Commit-

tee has not had time to discuss in details its next immediate steps. Therefore, when Mr. Arafat arrived in Amman on Sunday, many PLO Executive Committee members were not sure what he was

exactly up to - wbether re-

garding signing a draft econo-mic agreement with Jordan, or the exact position that he will present to Mr. Christ-

Mr. Ahbas, according to PLO officials, was still not satisfied with the results of the Tunis meetings and he did not see any real change in the situation.

Mr. Abbas refused to iointhe new panel which will handle negotiations with Israel on details of self-rule.

**ANALYSIS** 

The pressure on Mr. Arafat was stepped up in the last two weeks as his allies in the peace process grouped up in a reformist movement" in a campaign to "democratise the decision-making pro-

The movement, imitiated by the Palestine's People Party (PPP) and later joined by the Palestinian Democratic Union (PDU), has demanded an end to Mr. Arafet's individual decisions and political appointments.

But some PLO officials

counter that at least part of

the supporters of the "refor-

mist movement" are mainly trying to pressure Mr. Arafat to accept conditions set by the World Bank in financing Palestinian antonomy. Concerns that the World

Bank and other foreign donors would try to strip the process of building of a Palestinian autonomy from its national and political dimensions have prompted many of Mr. Arafat's critics, including those within his Fatch group, not to join the

reformist campaign.
Officials, who have been outspoken in criticising Mr. Arafat counter that the demands for reforms should not unnecessarily he equated with playing into the hands of any foreign power.
"Mr. Arafat is replacing

with ignorant people," charged Saleh Ra'sfat from the PDU, also known as Fida. It is still unclear how the PLO Executive Committee, whose powers have been rapidly eroding, would be able to control the selection

professionals and experts

tiating teams. Five members of the committee have presented his. Arafat with a detailed memorandum demanding the restoration of the role of the Executive Committee as the top-level decision-making

and appointment of the nego-

body in the PLO.

The demands include an effective role for the Executive Committee in allocation of funds and appointments and that only committee members should take part in its formal sessions or at least in decision-taking.

Six ont of the 18-member body have already resigned or suspended their participation in meetings in protest against the peace accord with The withdrawals have

further undermined the

already weak PLO leadership

body, which has been loosing

its role due to Mr. Arafat's

individualistic style and partly due to the members' reluetance to impose a collective decision-making process.

Many in the PLO now hlame Mr. Abbas and his associates for minimising the role of the committee by con-fining the decision-making process to a growingly shrink-ing inner circle at the expense

of the committee itself. "The circle was already becoming very small, but after the signing of the accord matters got worse as Arafat has decided to push aside Mr.
Abbas himself," said one

PLO official. The dehate over reforms in the PLO has succeeded in attracting the attention of many Palestinian intellectuals who hasically oppose the peace accord with Israel, but are now considering "containing the damage" through the democratisation of the

Bnt reformists and analysts concede that without serious progress that will bring about tangible results to the Palestinian people, support for the peace process and the implementation will be seriously

undermined. The opposition has dismissed the reformist movement as an "in-house struggle to split the pie" without addressing the essence of the

accords with Israel.
Some PLO officials believe that Mr. Arafat moved fast to contain the crisis to preempt a potential coordination or convergence of interests between the reformists and the opposition, especially that many in the first category agree that the current performance of the PLO would only make good the predictions of the opposition — that the accord will lead to the consolidation of the Israeli

occupation. They expect Mr. Arafat's next move to be an effort to hreak up the reformist coalition by appeasing separate demands or at least the minimum of these demands and interests of the diverse parties and individuals who have so far endorsed the reformist demands.

"Arafat has bowed to the storm but has not retreated," said a senior PLO official in